

# The North Adams Transcript.

VOLUME 4.

THE NORTH ADAMS EVENING TRANSCRIPT, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1898.

NUMBER 87

**SAMUEL CULLY & CO.**

The  
"Round Up Sale"  
HAS BEEN A  
Grand Success.

Every department in  
**THE BIG STORE**

Since Wednesday morning has  
been crowded with eager buyers  
We are determined to close out  
every dollar's worth of summer  
stock and will offer

**Saturday Morning Greater  
Bargains Than Ever...**

100 pairs more white and  
colored blankets 39c a pair  
20 pieces yard wide percales  
at only 5c a yard.  
35 pieces dress gingham 5c  
a yard.  
20 pieces brown sheeting  
3 3-4c a yard.  
8 pieces bleached sheeting  
2 1-4 yards wide 12 1-2c yd  
75 ladies' jackets and 35  
children's jackets all at  
\$1.50 each.  
150 ladies' and children's  
straw hats 25c each  
5 lots dress goods at 19c, 29c,  
39c, 49c and 59c some of  
them worth double.  
Lace curtains and drapery  
nets at one quarter and  
one-half off.

**COME QUICK**

If you want to secure a share  
of the bargains.

**SAMUEL CULLY & CO.**

**LABOR DAY**

Is a holiday for toilers and  
everybody else. The clerks  
in the stores work as hard  
as anybody and need a day  
off. My store will be  
closed all day, but extra  
help will be employed Sat-  
urday so that all wants can  
be supplied.  
An extra quantity of fresh  
vegetables will be provided  
for you all.  
Please give us your orders  
early.

**M. V. N. BRAMAN**

101 Main Street.  
12 State Street.  
Telephone 220.

**LAWRENCE'S**  
103  
5<sup>th</sup> CIGAR  
UNION MADE  
Our Leading 5c CIGAR.  
We recommend the above to all  
lovers of a good smoke.  
MANUFACTURED BY  
Chas. Lawrence & Co., Boston.  
TRADE SUPPLIED BY  
North Adams Drug Company,  
95 MAIN ST.  
Largest Stock of Cigars in Western  
Massachusetts.

**NOTICE.**

The commissioner of public works  
will be at his office each week day  
from 1 1/2 to 3 o'clock.  
J. H. EMICH.

## MANY SHIPWRECKED SOLDIERS

**Terrible Suffering Among Those Who  
Reached Boston This Morning.**

**General Brooke's Triumphal Progress In Porto  
Rico. Alger Sends to Montauk  
For Information.**

### TORTURED SOLDIERS

Arrive at Boston After Ship Wreck.  
Sergeant King Among Them. Many  
Unable to Walk.

Boston Sept 6.—One hundred and  
thirteen battle worn, camp sick ship  
wrecked soldiers who only three  
months ago left Massachusetts to  
fight for their country arrived in this  
city early this morning and were dis-  
tributed among the hospitals. They  
survived the Spanish bullets and fever  
camp at Santiago, the horrors of the  
trip north on the Alleghany the misery  
of detention camp at Montauk, yet  
still when through the munificence  
of the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid as-  
sociation they attempted to reach the  
Bay state last night they were forced  
to undergo another hardship in the  
wreck of the steamer Leviston on  
Point Judith and a rough hard voy-  
age across Narragansett bay on an  
open lighter and a long railroad ride to  
Boston.

That none succumbed is not only re-  
markable but miraculous. They ar-  
rived in Boston at 5:30. No ambu-  
lances were ready, and they were  
transferred to various hospitals.  
Fifty were unable to walk, and a  
dozen unconscious.

One of the most pathetic sights in  
connection with the disastrous voyage  
was the devotion of Mrs. Ann King of  
Adams mother of Sergeant Victor  
King. She went to Wickett to nurse her  
boy back to strength and here waited  
in the car till his turn came. Then she  
accompanied him to the hospital. He is  
very weak.

### SECRETARY DAY OUT.

Will Not Resume That Position.  
Justice White Will Decline.

Washington Sept 6.—Secretary Day  
probably will not resume the functions  
of secretary of state and it may be  
assumed that his connection with the  
department save in the capacity of  
peace commissioner terminated when  
he left Washington for Ohio recently.

There is no longer doubt that Justice  
White has decided to decline the ap-  
pointment as peace commissioner and  
refrains from making a public an-  
nouncement of his purpose at the re-  
quest of the President.

### Five Deaths at Montauk.

New York Sept 6.—There were 5  
deaths in Camp Wickett today. There  
are 900 men in the general hospital  
now a low figure.

### Factory Inspectors Meet.

Boston, Sept 6.—The International  
Association of Factory Inspectors be-  
gan its 12th annual convention yester-  
day. Governor Wolcott spoke for the  
commonwealth and Mayor Quincy  
for the city. The former felt that the  
administering of factory laws is very  
important. Massachusetts had en-  
deavored to lead in factory legisla-  
tion guarding employees from danger and the  
young so that they should have an edu-  
cation and that their bodies should  
not be overtaxed while growing by too  
many hours of labor.

Mayor Quincy expressed his apprecia-  
tion of the good work in which the as-  
sociation is engaged. When in the leg-  
islature he and some much interest in  
it. Massachusetts had led the way  
and it was to her credit that she had  
been bold enough to lead. It had been  
said that she had gone too far in the line  
of factory legislation. Some states had  
to lead and he thought the opinion of  
the whole American people would up-  
hold the step taken.

To Discuss Secretary.  
Madrid, Sept 6.—According to the  
statements of several senators, Premier  
Sagasta after the senate galleries had  
been cleared yesterday, proposed that  
questions relating to territorial questions  
be discussed in secret. Replying to ex-  
istence of such a procedure the premier  
urged that delicate matters of such a  
nature were always discussed in secret.  
Moreover, he pointed out, the existing  
situation was very grave, Spain having  
obtained only a suspension of hostilities,  
and indiscreet language might interfere  
with the diplomatic negotiations.  
The motion was carried by a vote of  
57 to 6.

### EXCHANGED BUTTONS.

American and Spanish Soldiers Ex-  
change Buttons During a March.

San Juan Sept 6.—Major General  
John R. Brooke his staff and escort  
have completed two-thirds of their  
journey across the island towards this  
city. Their march has been like a  
march through friendly territory. On  
Saturday General Brooke stopped at  
Cayes. Monday he entered Rio Pie-  
di, one of the aristocratic suburbs of  
San Juan where he will establish his  
headquarters. General Brooke has ac-  
cepted the hospitality of Captain Gen-  
eral Alcala who graciously offered  
him the use of his private residence.

The column though small, is imposing  
and is making a deep impression. As  
it would be very overstate mountains  
covered to their summits with coffee and  
sugarcane plantations and through broad  
savannas and valleys. General Brooke,  
with his chief of staff, rode at the head  
of the column. The natives who had  
news of the coming of the Americans  
lined the roads their faces showing  
their pleasure although there was no  
demonstration. At intervals along the  
way the Spanish soldiers of the civil  
guard presented arms as the column  
passed. At Cayes and Caguas the  
Spanish commanders received General  
Brooke with marked courtesies and the  
mayors paid official visits extending  
welcome to their guests.

At Caguas a band of 500 Spanish regulars  
are stationed under the command of  
Colonel Rodriguez. The Spanish troops  
pretensions. The Spanish troops are  
the flourishes in honor of a major gen-  
eral upon arrival. Houses had been  
set apart for the accommodation of Gen-  
eral Brooke and his staff. The in-  
fantry and cavalry companies camped  
in the outskirts of the town, and were  
visited by the Spanish soldiers. There  
was no display whatever of ill-feeling  
Spanish and American mingled freely  
fraternizing and exchanging buttons  
as souvenirs. Already many of the  
American soldiers are buttonless. Span-  
ish flags flew at Cayes and Caguas but  
as guests in an enemy's country they  
showed no colors save the cavalry guidon.  
Our stalwart soldiers and  
massive horses dashed carelessly through  
the gutters accustomed to step on  
small stature and nimble footed little  
pishies.

### Miles Was In Command.

Kansas City, Sept 6.—The Evening  
Star contained another article yester-  
day relating to the Miles-Alger contro-  
versy. The writer said in part. The  
statement made semi-officially from  
Washington that Major General Miles  
was not in command of the Santiago  
expedition up to the time it left Tampa  
is not borne out by the official records  
of the war department. These records  
prove that Miles not only conducted the  
preliminaries with General Garcia, but  
was then recognized by the war depart-  
ment as general commanding even of  
General Shafter's army.

The details of General Shafter's actual  
equipment and method of movement  
were naturally left to Shafter but a gen-  
eral plan was devised by General Miles  
and directions were issued to General  
Shafter by him which after leaving  
Tampa with the full knowledge that he  
was subject to orders from General  
Miles and up to that time the war de-  
partment recognized this state of affairs,  
which is provided for in the federal sta-  
tutes organizing the army of the United  
States.

Alger Wants Information.  
Washington Sept 6.—Secretary Alger  
has sent the following order to Montauk  
Point. The New York World of about  
the 24th ultimo published a statement  
of the details of the march of the  
Eighteenth regulars in which it is  
charged that when he begged Dr.  
to take him to the hospital, the doctor  
notified him that the hospital was for  
sick men and it is reported that Parrott  
died that night. This account is sent  
me by Representative Grosvenor of Ohio  
who says there is great indignation in  
his community over the case and if it  
is as reported there should be a  
thorough inquiry immediately instituted  
to find out about this matter and re-  
port made to me. I understand one Sergeant  
Rich of the same company or regiment  
is under arrest for having complained  
of this matter. I have heard much of  
the neglect of the men much of which is  
no doubt flagrant. But if there is any  
foundation for this statement or if  
there are any men ill in the regulars in  
this fort that are not provided for  
I wish to know the reason why and at  
once also the names of the officers in  
command of the regiment and company  
in each case.

Chaplains Told Not March.  
Washington Sept 6.—Ever since the  
printed reports of the sensational utter-  
ances of the naval chaplain Joseph P.  
McIntyre, reached the navy department  
the officials have been making a quiet  
inquiry into the accuracy of the news-  
paper publications. Apparently, the  
navy department has now satisfied it-  
self that the chaplain really uttered the  
language ascribed to him, for it has or-  
dered his trial by court-martial on charges  
of the prejudice of good order and dis-  
cipline and subordination as officers.

### Distress Among Cubans.

Washington Sept 6.—General Nunez  
of the Cuban army has returned to  
Washington having been on an expedi-  
tion which took supplies to the Cubans.  
He left this country before the war was  
closed and landed at several points and  
delivered his supplies. General Nunez  
reports a great deal of distress among  
the Cubans, and says it will be still  
greater on account of the inability of  
the Cuban to collect and send various  
supplies. General Nunez says that one  
reason why the Spaniards are making  
it difficult to supply food to the Cubans  
is that they want to compel the latter to  
take provisions by force, and thus create  
disturbances and trouble and stir up  
strife between the Americans and Cubans  
which will tend to discredit them.  
The Spaniards are willing food shall be  
given to their immediate people, but do  
not want it taken to the Cubans, says  
the general.

### Shafter In Command.

Montauk Sept 6.—General Shafter  
came out of the detention camp yester-  
day somewhat improved in health. He  
said that Camp Wickett would be con-  
tinued for some time. Although many  
of the troops here will be sent away for  
the accommodation of several thousand  
men during inclement weather. Ad-  
vice was received from the war de-  
partment by General Wheeler that 400  
recruits were to be sent from southern  
posts to join the fifth army corps at  
Montauk. General Wheeler has as-  
sumed command of the camp and Gen-  
eral Young will perform executive duty  
about the camp.

### Wants Tough Wall Cared For.

Boston Sept 6.—The pitiable con-  
dition in which the Second and Ninth Mas-  
sachusetts regiments have returned  
from their arduous and gallant service  
in Cuba has caused a profound sense  
of solicitude regarding the Sixth reg-  
iment, now in Porto Rico. In a message  
to the president Governor Wolcott says  
"My own feelings are deeply concerned,  
and I am besought by personal letters  
and by the authorities of cities to ask  
for the prompt return and repatriation  
of this regiment. I have felt it my duty  
to decline to do this until I had been  
long as the national government re-  
quires their services. The splendid pa-  
triotism which prompted their voluntary  
enlistment will sustain them in any  
perils or hardships they may be called  
on to endure, but the lives of her sons  
are precious in the eyes of the common-  
wealth. As I am well assured they are  
to you to whom the fortunes of our  
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# The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 15 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$6 a year.  
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By the  
**TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY.**  
 C. T. FAIRFIELD, Editor and Mgr.  
 From  
 The Transcript Building, Bank Street,  
 North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew.

## MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by The Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

## "WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"

From the seal of the city of North Adams

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 6, 1893

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

COMMUNICATIONS on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.



Stand by the Flag and President.

## TEACHERS AND PARENTS.

Once more the teacher assumes a prominent place in the life of a child. With the opening of school, another influence than that of home takes its place in the work of character building. It is well to call again to mind, at the very beginning, the need of a close union between the two, school and home, teacher and parent.

It is true that in this city there is a closer acquaintance between teachers and parents than in many larger places. But still this acquaintance is far from cordial enough in most cases, and in so far the school fails of accomplishing its best work. The teacher is at a disadvantage in the mind of the pupil if she is something entirely outside of the home life, a task master.

The beginning of school does not take away the responsibility of home, does not even lessen it. The parent does not divide responsibility for the child's welfare with the teacher, but shares it. In what should be a close union of vital interests. The child's advancement is most rapid when this union is most clearly understood and acted upon.

The teacher and the mother, on whom most of the responsibilities rest, should be personally acquainted. The mother should visit the school, and by her experience and knowledge of the child's individuality help the teacher to more definite help in the pupil's study. The teacher should be invited into the home where the child may see her in an unconventional way, and learn once for all that "teacher" is not "enemy." By this, as well as by active interest in the child's lessons, the parent may increase the influence of the school for good, and the teacher be encouraged to more fruitful efforts.

## GOVERNOR WOLCOTT.

The position that Governor Wolcott should occupy in the opinion of a thoughtful citizen of the Commonwealth is that expressed by President L. Clark Seelye of Smith college. President Seelye is one of those who objected most vigorously to the reappointment of Bank Commissioner Locke after the Warner affair, on which Northampton is bitterly opposing Governor Wolcott. But President Seelye is reported as saying that while he still believes Mr. Locke should not have been reappointed, he shall do all that he can for the governor's re-nomination, and if nominated, vote for him. "It is my opinion," says President Seelye, "that he has made one of the best governors the state has had. He has been led by no clique. He has not been mixed up with 'jobs' or involved in 'jobbery'; he has stood by his own convictions and acted independently many times in opposition to the counsels and wishes of his friends—as in the case of his veto of the Whitney bill. This was in opposition to his friends and in face of the wishes of the people of his social set and after much money had been spent to secure its passage. He has done much to remedy the hasty and costly acts of legislators. Mistakes he has made. There is no governor that does not. He might have expressed to the President his desire for home guards at the outbreak of the war in a more felicitous manner. And it seems to me that he made a great mistake in reappointing Mr. Locke." If it were a fault to reappoint Mr. Locke, President Seelye realizes it, but in able to see Governor Wolcott's services in their entirety.

From now on it will be the man behind the ballot.

"When comes the mild September—"  
 Yes, when will it?

Labor found no difficulty in living by the sweat of its brow on Labor Day.

The school season has opened. Poor little Cuban boy! The war has almost doubled what he needs to know.

France is now likely to acquit Dreyfus as hastily as he was convicted. France is strong on sympathetic judgments.

The Pittsfield Eagle comments on the withdrawal of Mr. Richmond from the county commissioner race as if two of the four corners had dropped out.

It was a great day in Pittsfield. That city is to be congratulated on the success shown in caring for a crowd which so nearly doubled its population.

Promise of increased business activity is bright, but last week's increase was not such as had been expected. Apparently, the weather still controls.

There is apparently much room for criticism on the care given our soldiers. But the critics should be careful not to charge up to incompetence those faults which come from inexperience.

The esteemed Republican from Springfield is encouraged by the signs of Democratic activity in Berkshire. It is only unfortunate that so much of the Democratic activity is not based on the principles of Democracy unless dissatisfaction at not holding office is a cardinal Democratic principle.

Congressman Lawrence yesterday accepted the invitation to attend the Pocumtuck Valley Memorial association's field day at Colrain next Thursday. The congressman shows an accommodating spirit and lends his presence very generously to these occasions, where the unfair critic could not say there were political rewards to seek. Colrain has followed a good example and set one for other towns in marking historic spots with substantial stones and the dedication of them ought to be an interesting occasion.—Greenfield Gazette.

## MONDAY'S BALL GAMES.

Two Defeats For the Washingtons on the Boston Grounds.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The champions won both games Monday from the Washingtons, although the visitors had a fighting chance in the morning, losing through Collins' home run. The second game was a pitchers' contest, in which Nichols, as usual, showed up finely. Score of the afternoon game:

Boston.	AB	R	B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, C. f.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Long, s.	4	1	1	0	3	0
Low, 2 b.	4	1	1	2	2	1
Collins, 3 b.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Carrigan, c.	4	2	0	7	0	0
Duffy, 1 f.	4	0	0	6	1	0
Stahl, r. f.	3	1	2	1	0	0
Hickman, 1 b.	4	0	2	11	0	1
Nichols, p.	4	0	0	0	4	0

Totals.....34 6 8 27 13 2

Washingtons. AB R B PO A E

Mercer, c. f.	4	0	2	0	0	1
Gettman, r. f.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donovan, r. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Reitz, 3 b.	3	1	0	2	4	0
McGuire, c.	4	0	0	5	2	0
Smith, 2 b.	4	1	1	1	0	2
Farrell, c.	4	0	1	5	1	1
Anderson, 1 f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Wright, s.	4	0	0	7	1	1
Weyhing, p.	3	0	1	0	2	0

Totals.....34 2 6 24 11 5

Boston.....0 1 0 1 3 1 0 0

Barned runs—Boston, 2; Washingtons, 0.

First base hits—Stahl, Home runs—Collins. First base on balls—By Weyhing, 2; by Nichols, 1. Struck out—By Nichols, 8; by Weyhing, 2. Double plays—Duffy and Lowe; Reitz and Smith. Time—1:57. Umpires—Hunt and Connolly.

The New Yorks defeated the Brooklyn in the morning yesterday by timely hitting in the third and eighth innings. The Brooklyn scored on errors by Joyce. The afternoon game was practically a walkover for the Brooklyn. Meekins' curves were hit hard.

The Chicagoos won the morning game from the Pittsburgs by well placed hits at the right time. In the afternoon they made their 19th double play, but were unable to hit Hart and gave Thornton rugged support.

The Providence and the Buffaloes broke even on the games yesterday. The first lasted 10 innings, and Sam Wise batted out a three-bagger and sent in the second run which won the game for the New York club. The second game was a hot contest, and in the midst of a wrangle, Garry was ordered out of the game and put off the grounds. A batting streak and daring baserunning in the seventh won it for the Providence.

The first game in Cincinnati required 14 innings, and the Cleveland won. Hawley outpitched Cuppy in the second game, which was called at the end of the fifth on account of darkness, with the score 1 to 0 in favor of the Cincinnati club.

The Phillies snatched a victory from the Philadelps in the morning game by bunting five hits in the ninth and tenth innings. The afternoon game was one of the most exciting played in Philadelphia this season. The Phillies won on a combination of misplays and a batting streak.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

The converted yacht, Cyrene, after colliding with a British steamer in Hampton roads, was beached to prevent her from foundering.

The United States consul at Kobe, Japan, has caused the arrest of Seamen Brady and Hino on suspicion that they set fire to the American ship, Baring Bros.

The corporation of Dublin has elected as swordbearer James Egan of New York, who was recently released from prison after 15 years penal servitude for treason felony.

A cable message from the European Union of Astronomers announces the discovery of a minor planet with a remarkable orbit, which overlaps, to some extent, that of Mars.

Restore full regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organs in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents. Prepared only by Dr. J. C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills

## MISSED FOG WHISTLE.

Boston Steamer Runs Aground at Point Judith.

Was Carrying Sick Soldiers From Montauk.

Most of Them Conveyed to Newport on an Exposed Lighter.

Newport, Sept. 6.—The Lewiston, chartered by the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association, with nearly 200 sick soldiers on board, bound from Montauk Point to Boston, ran ashore near Point Judith last night and narrowly escaped being wrecked. One hundred and thirty-five of the men were placed in a lighter, which fortunately was in the breakwater, and brought to this city by a tug, landing at about midnight. The sick soldiers were in such an exposed place on the bare deck of the lighter during the trip of 15 miles across the bay that a number of them are not expected to survive.

The Lewiston left Montauk Point Monday morning with as many Massachusetts soldiers on board as she could carry. Her captain ran across the sound to New London, where a large quantity of fresh milk was obtained, and then early in the afternoon she started for Boston. A heavy fog set in while the steamer was off Watch Hill, and she proceeded slowly along the shore, blowing her whistle frequently and getting replies from many of the fog stations. By some means her captain missed the fog whistle on Point Judith, and about 9 o'clock last night she brought up on shore.

Fortunately the tug, John T. Gaynor, was behind the breakwater at Point Judith at the time with a small lighter, and after her captain had been notified of the accident he immediately towed the barge along side of the steamer. It was also fortunate that there was little sea on at the time the steamer went ashore so that the work of transferring the men was carried on with comparatively little danger of any being lost by drowning. In the course of half an hour 135 poor, weak, fever-stricken soldiers, some utterly unable to stand, were taken from their bunks and cots, wrapped in blankets and placed upon the exposed deck of the lighter. A few of the very sick, and only a few, were accommodated in the tiny cabin of the tug. When the deck of the lighter was crowded with the shivering men so that no more could be taken aboard, the tug started for Newport, the nearest harbor, with the lighter of sick freight on board. It was a long and terrible sail across the bay and up the harbor to the wharf here, not that the wind was high or the sea boisterous, but the fog penetrated very quickly the scant clothing of the men, and it was not long before everyone was quaking with the cold.

Dr. Shea of Boston, who was one of the physicians that went round with the Lewiston, came up on the lighter, and with one or two other physicians and nurses did everything possible to alleviate their sufferings. The tug steamed into the harbor shortly after midnight and ran up to the Fall River line wharf, where one of the crew were landed and the police of the city were notified. Within a remarkably short time the entire force was at the wharf with every ambulance in the city, and a large corps of physicians was on hand to assist the helpless ones. The New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad officials were also notified, and within an hour or two a special train was made up to carry the men to Boston.

In the meantime the greater portion of the city had been aroused and large quantities of blankets, mattresses and other bedding, besides overcoats, had been taken to the wharf. Hot coffee, warm milk and everything that would warm the chilled soldiers were also brought down to the wharf, and every possible effort was made to make the soldiers comfortable. As soon as the Gaynor had landed the men and taken aboard a fresh supply of blankets and provisions she started off again with her lighter for the wreck, on which there had been left 50 or more who were unable to find room on the lighter.

Father Cummings of Boston, who came with the men, spoke in praise of the bravery of the captain of the steamer. "He did everything possible for the comfort of the unfortunate men," said he, "and personally assisted nearly everyone on reaching the lighter."

The Radical Populists. Cincinnati, Sept. 6.—The afternoon session of the radical Populists' gathering yesterday disclosed many differences among the middle-of-the-roads. They were united on the subject of such a permanent reorganization as to prevent fusion or desertion hereafter and on an independent ticket for 1900, but there were wide differences as to how to prevent "fusion and desertions," and how to name the candidates. Most of those present are self-constituted delegates, or at least unable to show the usual credentials, and there is another class claiming the right to vote by proxies. As there are only two or three present from some states, the question of proxies is one on which the control of the convention hinges, and it was pending when the convention adjourned until today.

Series of Fatalities. London, Sept. 6.—There has been a series of fatalities in the Austrian Alps. The case of a newly married couple was particularly sad. The bride lost her footing and fell; the rope broke and she went to destruction. The husband deliberately threw himself after her and was killed. A gentleman who visited the spot lost his balance and fell, being killed instantly.

Rear Admiral Samson, Major General James F. Wade, Major General Matthew C. Duncan, and Lieutenant General John W. Clegg, members of the Cuban campaign, left New York yesterday on the Resolute. Each commissioner had a number of aides and secretaries.

Twenty-six deaths and 46 prostrations were recorded in the borough of Manhattan and Bronx up to midnight. In Brooklyn there were seven deaths and 14 prostrations. On Staten Island there were two deaths and five prostrations. In Jersey City there were three deaths and seven prostrations.

There have been several labor strikes in Manila, the demand being for excessive wages. Because the American authorities, in the early stages of the situation there, agreed to the extravagant demands of the laborers, it has been difficult to return to an equitable basis. Cag of those strikes caused the suspension of traffic on the railways of Manila for three days.

## COMPLAINT OF DROUGHT.

Makes the Only State Where It Affects Agricultural Pursuits.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The weather the past week was very warm and sultry, with, however, more sunshine and less moisture than during the preceding week. The general conditions have favored agricultural pursuits, and farm industries have progressed accordingly. Advantage was taken of these conditions to finish the harvesting of early grain, securing the second crop of hay, cutting tobacco, and to further general work, which lagged during the wet weather. The precipitation was by far the lightest for several weeks, yet the only complaint of drought is from Maine, where wells and springs are falling, streams running low, and pastures and meadows drying.

Good weather has favored the harvesting of grain, which has advanced rapidly, with the end in view. The securing of buckwheat is at its height. The crop is reported as good, and in many sections large. Reports are unanimous in favor of a large corn crop. Sweet corn is being canned in large quantities, and the field variety is being plucked and the stalks cut, especially in southern sections. Fall ploughing and seeding are in progress. At Hawleyville, Conn., re-seeding will be required, due to dry weather in June. The present conditions presage successful operations in fall farming.

Much grass, mostly second crop, has been secured during the week. Rowen is unusually large, in many sections almost equal to the first crop. Hungarian grass is also good and secured in good condition.

Apples continue to improve in color and quality. In scattered sections the yield will be large, though the crop will average very light. Pears, plums, peaches and grapes are uneven in quality and quantity. The weather has improved cranberries, though less than an average crop is indicated. Dr. Fischer of Fitchburg reports fruit ripening seven days later than the average for 42 years and two days later than in 1897.

While there is more or less complaint of rot and rust in potatoes, the crop will be fully up to the average. Digging is in progress in many sections. Garden vegetables continue abundant, but tomatos fail to ripen properly in many fields. In the southern states celery is nearly ready for the market. Beans, melons and vines are generally satisfactory.

Tobacco is probably three-fourths harvested and in good condition. Correspondents at Leeds, Mass., state that the crop is as good as ever grown in that vicinity. In the neighborhood of West Simsbury, Conn., the crop is the best for eight years.

The sacred congregation of the Roman Catholic church has placed in the index expurgatorius a book entitled "Monks and Their Decline," written by Father Zurcher of Buffalo.

General Zurlinden, military governor of Paris, has accepted the ministry of war, in succession to Mr. Cavaignac, resigned. General Zurlinden was a member of the Ribot cabinet, which went out of office Oct. 28, 1895.

There is a strong feeling for the United States among the Chinese on the Hawaiian islands, especially in the higher class, and they look to the new government to give them all the privileges enjoyed under the old regime.

A dispatch from Barcelona says the local gendarmerie surprised and arrested an armed band of 37 men, and that another band has appeared near Hospitalet, four miles southwest of Barcelona. Troops have been sent in pursuit.

Last night a stock train ran into an open switch in South Washington. The train was derailed, the engine overturned and several cars were wrecked. Fred England, fireman, and Breckman Cooper were killed. Engineer Harman was scalded and otherwise injured.

## Is It Curable.

Is a strained joint curable? Is local inflammation curable? Of course, if properly treated. So is piles.

People become afflicted with piles and ask some old "chronic" who has always persisted in the wrong treatment and naturally he discourages them by telling that their case is hopeless.

They in turn discourage others, and thus a disease than can in every case be cured by careful and skilful handling is allowed to sap the energy of thousands who might free themselves of the trouble in a few days.

Pyramid Pile Cure will cure the most aggravated case of hemorrhoids in an astonishing short time. It relieves the congested parts, reduces the tumors instantly no matter how large, allays the inflammation and stops the itching or itching at once.

Thousands who have resorted to expensive surgical treatment have been cured by the Pyramid Pile Cure—in a number of instances persons who had spent months in a hospital under a pile specialist.

It is a remedy that none need fear to apply, even to the most aggravated, swollen and inflamed hemorrhoidal tumors.

If you are afflicted with this stubborn disease you can master it and master it quickly.

This remedy is no longer an experiment, but a medical certainty. It is manufactured by the Pyramid Pile Co. of Marshall, Mich.

Druggists sell it at 50 cents per box. It is becoming the most popular pile cure the country has ever known and druggists everywhere are ordering it for their customers.

"E. H. Chase & Co's pure barley malt whiskey is recommended by physicians for household and medicinal uses. M. M. Welch & Co. and all druggists.

If you want something especially fine in.....

Cut Glass.....OR

Sterling Silver.....FOR

Wedding Gifts.

GO TO

HIGLEY

The recognized headquarters for fine repairing.

## Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin; the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough. Write to the Doctor.

Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. Tell us what your experience has been with our Cherry Pectoral. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

## ...Opening...

—OF—

New Millinery Parlors.

On September 15, I shall open new millinery parlors at my home.

Cor. River and N. Holden Sts

With a choice line of MILLINERY NOVELTIES, which I shall be pleased to offer to my old and new customers' inspection. An early call is solicited.

Margaret L. McGonnell.

## COLUMBIA THEATRE.

ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing.....

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

With matinees Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,

THE.....

Brosnahan-Jackson

Comedy Company

Military Band and

Operatic Orchestra

In a repertoire of refined comedies and dramas.

Special Labor day matinee Monday at 2.30 p. m. Admission 10, 20 and 30 cents.

Night Prices 10, 20, 30 cts.

Seats now on sale at Bartlett's Drug Store

WILSON OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 8th.

Smyth & Rice's Comedians

presenting.....

My Friend

From India.

By H. A. DuSouchet.

The funniest piece ever written. Duplicating its former success with the inimitable comedian

WALTER E. PERKINS

in the title role, as played by him 150 nights in New York.

Prices 35, 50, 75c, \$1.

Seats on sale at Wilson House Drug Store Tuesday at 9 a. m.

Established 1895.

Geo. F. Miller,

General Insurance.

Room & Burlington Bldg., North Adams. This agency is the oldest, largest and strongest in Western Massachusetts, representing a leading foreign and American companies.

## Boston Store. Boston Store.

NORTH ADAMS, SEPT. 6, 1893

WEATHER—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; southwest winds.

Grand Winding Up of

SUMMER DRY GOODS

Today and for the rest of this week we intend to clean up everything in the way of hot weather Dry Goods. Goods will be priced that will effect a speedy clearance. It is not our policy to carry over one dollar's worth of goods from one season to another, so in some things the knife will go in pretty deep. Fresh goods and low prices is what we intend giving our customers, and rest assured this rule will be strictly adhered to. Today's items may interest you.

850 yards of Dimities, Lawns, All our Shirt Waists that sold for Linens, &c., now 3c yard. \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, now 45c.

500 yards Dotted Swiss Muslins, Ladies' Vests, V and square neck, 12 1-2, 15c, 17c and 19c goods, now 8c.

Best Percales, in light colors mostly, now 8 1-2c yard.

INSPECT OUR LINEN VALUES.

Write to the Doctor.

Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. Tell us what your experience has been with our Cherry Pectoral. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Blackinton Block.

Playtime Is Past.





# FIRST ON THE KLONDIKE

THE JOSEPH LADUE  
SOLD MINING AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF YUKON.

PRICE OF SHARES TO BE ADVANCED AUGUST 31, 1898.

Mr. Joseph Ladue, the pioneer of the Klondike, and founder of Dawson City, aided by some of the most conservative and successful financiers of New York, is operating the strongest company yet formed for mining and trading in the Yukon gold fields.

The company has transferred placer claims on Hunker and Gold Bottom creeks, the "Marguerite" Quarts Mine, his Saw Mill, his Timber Lease, that virtually monopolizes the saw timber on the Klondike, and large holdings of Choice Town Lots in Dawson City. The company also owns the S. S. "Morgan City" now earning \$20,000 per month, and has shipped up the Yukon several hundred tons of merchandise, for trade, upon which a very large profit is assured. The U. S. Government reports certify that the saw mill produces about two million feet of lumber in the open season, sales price of which is from \$140 to \$240 per 1,000 feet according to class.

CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY.  
Preferred Stock, 46 cumulative, \$1,000,000  
Common Stock, 4,000,000  
Total Capital, per value, \$10 per share, \$5,000,000

The preferred stock has a first lien on earnings for its dividend, and on the assets of the company for its par value, and after all the stock of the company has received 6 per cent, the surplus earnings are shared pro rata by the preferred and common stock.

Thus the preferred stock practically offers the safeguards and advantages of a first mortgage bond, coupled with an earning capacity as great as that of the common stock.

The undersigned has obtained a short option on a block of this preferred stock which he now offers at par, \$100.00 per share. This option terminates August 31st, 1898, after which the price of the preferred stock will be advanced by the company to \$125.00 per share.

This is the last opportunity to get the preferred stock at par, and to time to participate in the autumn dividend. Shares will be allotted in the order subscriptions are received.

Send for map of Dawson, and data respecting Klondike.

CHARLES A. SAWYER, 230 WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON.

## ACCESSORIES.

This Extract of the Modern Fashionable  
Continues to Now South.

Long robes of silk or gauze are a juvenile fashion and are therefore very suitable for young girls who may wish to dress very prettily and suitably by simply following the mode. Simple gowns of this material are altogether charming when finished by these accessories, which may be of white, black or a color.

For evening wraps the Louis Rive cape now occupies the front rank, and as soon as cold weather sets in it will doubtless be



CLOTH BODICE.

obliged to retire to obscurity, since the fronts, so largely curved and out away, leave the wearer much exposed to the inclemencies of the temperature. Meanwhile they are suitable for autumn gaiters and when made of the same goods as the gown they form a pretty finish to autumn costumes when a light wrap is required.

Very narrow velvet ribbon, answering to baby ribbon in width, is ingeniously employed for trimming purposes. It is black or of a dark color and serves to separate puffs, insertions of guipure or other and to pass through eyelet holes or edge ruffles, and is used chiefly on light stuffs, with which it forms a contrast.

The sketch illustrates a bodice of mousseline gray cloth completely covered with stitched straps of the same goods. It opens with revers of white muslin which form coquilles and are edged with white lace over a glimpse of white tulle. The collar is of white tulle, the crests of white tulle. The belt is of white grosgrain, with a few sled buckle.

JUNIO CHOLLAT.

## BODICES AND SLEEVES.

The Correct Form of Both—A New and  
Fetters Hat.

Stretched bodices are much worn, the front of the material which would ordinarily be taken up in the darts being flattened to the tight fitting lining in the front. Pointed corsets are often made in this way and worn without any belt, the fullness being laid so carefully that a blouse effect is avoided. The lining must in all cases be perfectly plain and close.



VELVET HAT.

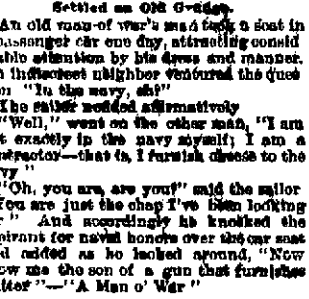
and well boned with thin steeple, tough whalebones. The bones are pinned at the ends and under the left side of the front.

Sleeves grow tighter and tighter, the top expanding very slightly in a little fullness which widens the shoulders. The wrist is elongated to extend upon the hand, terminating in a point, around or a well shaped cuff. Sleeves directed lengthwise are used, but the altering is more and is used for thin goods alone. The trimming which decorates the skirt and bodice of the gown is often separated down the length of the sleeve, and a little trimmed cap is placed at the shoulder.

Collars are very high and straight for bodices, very much curved for waists.

The illustration shows a design for an autumn hat. The wide brimmed frame is plainly covered with black velvet, and the trim is faced with shirred pink silk. A pink satin bow is pinned in front with two groups of feathers, and a cascade of the pink silk and mousseline encircles the crown. The crown of the same materials are placed under the brim on each side.

JUNIO CHOLLAT.



VELVET HAT.

An old man of years had been a doctor in a passenger car one day, attending considerable attention by his dress and manner. An illustrious neighbor ventured the question: "In the navy, sir?"

The patient nodded affirmatively. "Well," went on the other man, "I am not exactly in the navy myself; I am a contractor—that is, I furnish deeds to the navy."

"Oh, you are a young man," said the neighbor. "You are just the chap I've been looking for." And accordingly he knelt down and asked for naval honors over his own case and added as he looked around, "Now show me the son of a gun that furnishes butter?" "A Man of War."

JUNIO CHOLLAT.

## THE MODE.

This Extract of the Modern Fashionable  
Continues to Now South.

The mode seems to be fixed for some time to come, and no alterations of any importance are likely to occur before winter fashions appear, if even then. There are a few words as to the remodeling of old gowns may be useful, as last year's costumes may be utilized very well, thanks to the liberty now allowed in attire, and the adaptability of combining two different materials.

Skirts composed of a yoke and circular flounces lend themselves very well to the converting of two old gowns into one new one. If the material of one of the gowns



CHILD'S COSTUME.

is thin, it may be used for the flounce cut in straight bands and gathered, instead of being circular. A costume of black silk and one of black lace or mouselline do silk may thus be combined or a gown of colored silk and ship black goods. Cloth and velvet may also be utilized together for a full costume, and the two materials combined in the bodices according to taste and convenience.

The girl's gown illustrated is of ivory voile and has a yoke which extends down the front in a tablier outlined with mauve satin ribbon. The bodice, which is full in front, opens over a glimpse of puffed ivory tulle, and is bordered with bands of mauve ribbon. The triple epaulettes and the wrists of the light sleeves are similarly trimmed. The full skirt is of ivory tulle.

JUNIO CHOLLAT.

## TRIMMINGS.

Decorations For Bodices, Gowns and Hats  
of the Latest Style.

Puffings and robes continue to be the preferred trimmings. There are no yokes, corsets or flounces which are not enriched by a puffing over it. It is very small. Umbrellas and scarfs are similarly ornamented, and the same decorations are combined with insertions of lace or guipure.

It is all of white trimmed with quills and mouselline do silk will be worn up to the moment when autumn styles are assumed. Scarfs of white tulle or mouselline do silk are worn on many hats, and these scarves usually very becoming having a softening effect upon the features. Hats lifted in



PAFFETA COSTUME.

front are more and more worn but those of the best style are quietly trimmed. With such headgear a waved and fluted collar is necessary. The back hair is left at a medium height and is covered by a cascade of streamers over the hair at the back and sides.

The picture shows a gown of mauve tulle, the skirt consisting of seven circular flounces. The bodice is close fitting at the back with a short bustle forming coat-tails and has a draped bolero in front with wide open guipure on the lower edge, the bolero being fastened by a jeweled brooch. The bodice is of puffed mauve mouselline do silk, the puffs separated by bands of white satin. The collar is of mauve tulle, the sleeves being of the same material ornamented with white satin bands.

JUNIO CHOLLAT.

## BRITAIN'S FLAG.

In all Great Britain has five flags—the royal standard, the union jack, the ensign, the flag of the naval reserve. The union jack is hoisted by colonial governments and each colony shows a different badge. There is long practice and constant study to identify every British flag that one would see in a voyage round the world.

## Failings of Great Misses.

"I don't know what to do with that clock," said Professor Thelander, looking up in a perplexed way at the clockcase that hung on the wall of his study. "The servant evidently let it slip down yesterday and it is broken. I found it this morning, but it won't go."

"Why don't you start the pendulum?" asked the caller.

"Sure enough," exclaimed the professor, rising to carry the suggestion into effect. "I never thought of that. Oh, oh, oh!"

## HOW TO HOLD MANILA

IT MAY BE MADE A TRADING COLONY  
LIKE HONGKONG.

McKinnley's Plan as Viewed by a Close Observer—How the Greatest Advantages May Be Obtained With the Least Amount of Risk.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Although the popular idea that we retain the Philippines has been strengthened by the terms of the protocol regarding Manila city, bay and harbor, public men here who probe deeply into the subject freely admit that the administration is not committed to any definite policy as yet. A veteran soldier and editor of national reputation, whose personal affiliations bring him into close touch with the president's circle and who watches with keen interest every move in the administration game, asserts that the Philippines entire will neither be held nor disposed of by the United States.

My informant bases this opinion upon a casual but momentous declaration made by the president some weeks ago and now almost forgotten by the masses. This declaration was to the effect that our policy with regard to the Philippines "will be the one which shall offer the maximum of advantages with the minimum of responsibilities." All the advantages of trade in the east and of a Pacific station have been set forth, and it is evident that the responsibilities of taking over to our flag territory where we cannot possibly for a generation or more guarantee a republican form of government or succeed at all without a long warfare of subjugation equal if they do not outweigh prospective benefits.

Manila city, harbor and bay as a United States colony, governed directly by congress, as the British crown colony of Hongkong is by officers of the crown, would offer incalculable advantages as a military and naval station and trading mart, with no responsibility beyond defense in cases of war between the United States and a foreign power, but the colony could easily be placed in a state of defense, and would be less liable to attack and more invulnerable.

The girl's gown illustrated is of ivory voile and has a yoke which extends down the front in a tablier outlined with mauve satin ribbon. The bodice, which is full in front, opens over a glimpse of puffed ivory tulle, and is bordered with bands of mauve ribbon. The triple epaulettes and the wrists of the light sleeves are similarly trimmed. The full skirt is of ivory tulle.

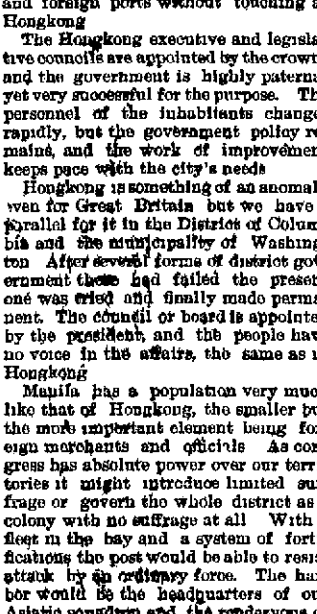
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## Chemists Endorse

Vinol on every side, as the most potent tonic reconstructor ever given to man. It gives us pleasure to add our recommendation to the already long list.

We have found in

WILSON HOUSE DRUG STORE

Special Vinol Representative

A GLIMPSE OF HONGKONG

Hunting Up an English Newspaper—A  
Glimpse of Hongkong

The price of a four-page local newspaper printed in English is 25 cents. It generally contains one or two short editorials upon some everyday topic, a few notices from Reuters' telegraphic news, shipping affairs and occasionally some head and tail of a long article of some kind. I found a copy of the Hongkong Daily Press, a Chinese newspaper, but it was too late to see a copy of the United States. Not so with the English newspaper, however. The Japan Mail and the London and China Express.

I wanted, upon arriving here, to see a newspaper. There were two in the hotel reading room, but both "occupied." I then wandered down "Forsythe" street to the main street, called Queen's road, and found a stationery shop. They had one Hongkong Press, but it was too late to see a copy of the United States. Not so with the English newspaper, however. The Japan Mail and the London and China Express.

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# The Ways of the Southern Woman

## BAB EULOGIZES THE SOUTHERN WOMAN.

(Copyright, 1898.)

Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

After the war of 1812 there used to come here, in regular troops, children, "grown ups" and colored servants. Then came the war that devastated the south and made it, like a phoenix, to rise again from its ashes, and for awhile, when the ashes were still warm, this old fashioned place had but few visitors. Its time was to come. There were too many memories about it for it to be neglected.

Life seems one great round of love-making. These Spinkas were never meant for fast matrons or elderly spinners, but they were dedicated to the beauty of youth, and it is supreme. The position of the mother of the average family here is that of looking after her chickens, big and little, seeing that Nanny's wash is tied or seeing that some cousin has been brought along because her own mother is an invalid who cannot endure life at the White Sulphur. In short, it is the position of a matronly hen over a very lively brood. If there is one dominant industry in the south, one would have to admit—that is, if one wished to be honest, that it is the "infant" one, for the average southern family has from four to 14 children. At a wedding given near this place not so very long ago the great desire of the bride was to keep an old ducky, commonly called "Aunt Lizzy," as far from her as possible, since it was believed that she possessed the mystic power, known as "the laying on of hands," which insured to the happy couple a handsome, healthy pair of twins before the year was over.

Girls used to buy Aunt Lizzy Howard to stay away, but she was inclined to be something of a well, she was inclined to tell what wasn't quite true. So she would accept the present and then appear at the wedding and stand, ghostlike, at the door, ready to put her horrible black fingers, long and mystical looking, upon the white gown or veil of the unfortunate bride. Every southern girl for miles around knows about her, and every one of them dreads her. Not that they don't want to have a tribe of children—that seems to be their greatest happiness—but as a young matron put it to me, "Aunt Lizzy Howard does manage to 'hoodoo' you, it is not so much yourself that you care about, but for some reason the gentlemen seem to be grieved a little bit about twins, and yet why should they?"

"Just look at the doctor that attended gallant and religious Stonewall Jackson! Why, he has two or three sets of twins! And then think of poor General Hood with numerous pairs of twins! I do believe they were beautiful. I can't remember, but mamma says that when the Hood babies all came out with their mamma everybody used to laugh and say, 'There goes Hood's battalion.' But you know our southerners like babies mightily, and I never can think that a house is really well furnished unless there are plenty of little folks and two or three well-bred dogs."

There is always at the White Sulphur one girl who is the belle. While there may be hundreds of pretty girls, still there is one each season who is triumphant, and to have been the belle at the White Sulphur and not to be engaged at its end and counted as a matron during the next means that the beauty was a failure. The present one comes from close to the line that divides the north from the south. She is dressed simply, for the best reason in the world. Her people have very little money to spend, and she has been brought here by a rich cousin. She fixes over her frocks, and when one or two more handsomely dressed girls have picked or scorned her she always says with a laugh, "Oh, I don't mind it as long as I look nice, and it is quite fun fixing over your things. You never know how they are going to turn out."

The white muslin dress is washed, fresh about put on it, and the bells of the hand dangles not only at the end of the night, but half the morning and the greater part of the afternoon, for at the Old White everybody dances. I sometimes think that is one reason why southern children are so graceful. "Take off for the summer, an awkward boy will be forced to fill up a summer dance, and before he knows anything about anything he is getting commitments all around, and the prettiest girl there is saying to him, "Why, Tommy, I didn't know you could dance so well!" And tomorrow morning Tommy has the courage to ask some girl to dance with him, and soon his awkwardness goes away, while a happy mother says to Tom's mother, "Why, Mrs. Gordon, your Tom is getting to be a real man. Look, Tom's mother smiles and looks lovingly at the author of Tom's beluga and says, "Well, he certainly don't get his good manners and his fine dancing from strangers, and the little bit is made much of, and so life goes on in a very innocent manner."

The belle of the ball is saying, "But I don't think our men would like it." The two most brown eyes are looking into yours, and these words are coming from two rosy, red lips. She is giving you her opinion as to what "our men like." From her youth up her brother has been trained to wait on her, but also from her youth up she has been trained to give the pretty little "Thank you," the affectionate nod, the caressing word that is so delightful to the heart of man and

of tobacco kings or railroad capitalists. The soft southern speech and the pretty southern gallantry are infectious, and hard hearted, cross grained brokers find themselves saying polite nothings and making awkward but well meant bows to whomsoever may have attracted their attention. A northern man is as wax in the hands of a southern woman.

Unhappily in the south the feminine element is the stronger, and in the hands of its women lieth salvation. But to return to what's going on here.

To those interested it may be stated that, if anything, the juleps are slightly sweeter and the whisky used in them has a more oily taste. I mean this in a complimentary sense, for the whisky that rasps the throat is not conducive to the joy of a julep. A julep must go down one's throat in a slow sort of toboggan fashion, and all the while you are smelling the spicy flavor of the mint and wondering who first discovered it, or, having found it, combined whisky, mint and sugar, gave it this title and made it one of the great seductions of the south. You may go about declaring you do not like it, you may say you have an English preference for brandy and soda, for the champagne cup that seems to touch you in a fascinating way, but once your foot is on the native heath of the southern girl you meekly bow down to the julep.

Next to the julep comes the consump-

tion of chicken, and, though up to date you may have thought a chicken good in its way and undoubtedly healthful, it is simply surprising to see these southern women eat it meal after meal and prefer it to the julep steak, the most undorine bit of mutton or the finest fish that ever was caught.

The belle of the year is talking softly of a beautiful woman who was the belle before her mother was married—a wonderful beauty, a great wit—the daughter of Judge Ould of Richmond, known to all the country round as Mattie Ould. She did everything, and she did everything well. Men fell before her as tin soldiers before an active broom, and yet she never lost her sweetness of temper.

At that time a Miss Triplett, also from Virginia, was a sort of rival to this beautiful girl, and my pretty belle

was telling of a supper that is counted among the archest of the Springs. At it was a large party, and the rivals were opposite each other, Miss Triplett was asked to give a toast. She declined. Then somebody smiled at Mattie Ould where she was standing, looking like a picture, holding her glass triumphantly in the air, and making a graceful bow to the other girl, she said "Here's to youth, beauty and health. United this makes a triplet." And many stories are told of this one and that one, and the voice of the little belle sinks as she whispers of the beautiful place where Mattie Ould sleeps, of the grave covered by daisies and how on the day of her funeral, when all Richmond that couldn't drive walked to see their pride, their beauty, laid away forever, instead of a hymn four gentlemen sang her favorite song, "Under the Daisies," and sleeping near was the little baby whose life, lasting only a few minutes, had been her death.

Then there was a silence, and to the quietness that came over me as it does over them I understand why the women of the south are popular with men. It is because they are always affectionate. They never lose an opportunity to give a kiss, to pay a compliment or to do a something that will please the man that rules their hearts.

It is because they never talk scandal, a pleasant gossip being enough for

## HANDSOME WOMEN OF HAWAIIAN ISLES.

(Copyright, 1898.)

The original Mother Eve could scarcely have been lovelier than some of the Eves who inhabit what admirers are wont to call the Eden of the Pacific. Tawny of skin, with great, lustrous dark eyes and fine, glossy tresses of black, they are fair to look upon, nor does their beauty fade early, as is often the case with women who live in nature favored climes. The grace of figure and beauty of face of these fair daughters of the south Pacific are equalled by their sprightliness of wit and quickness of comprehension. They are passed mistresses of all the athletic arts, fearless swimmers, dashing equestrians, skillful fishermen—in fact, veritable modern Dianas.

It was in the year 1778 that Captain Cook on his famous voyage around the

and lives in one of the towns, there are troops of servants to wait upon them, and if they live in primitive fashion in one of the thatched cottages of the interior the head of the household does all the work, which consists of little more than going out and cutting a few bananas or yams or custard pears, or digging up some taro root to make the national dish, poi, or chasing a pig or wild fowl through the forest on feast days, or lying for hours beside some fern shaded stream angling for fish. Life is idyllic in these far islands of the Pacific, and had Tennyson known Hawaii he would have written the following lines: "Better thy world weary lines, O better thy years of Europe than a cycle of Cathay."

Among the simpler classes in Hawaii—that is, the country people of the interior—there is no heartache over a lack of up to date millinery or frocks, for, as the head of the household is the Mother Hubbard or perchance a gayly woven mat, the Hawaiian lady is quite in the south sea mode.

There are very few of the natives of the Sandwich Islands who do not know how to read and write, and as a consequence the women are classed as educated to a greater degree than in many communities that have had the advantage of civilization for hundreds of years. The white women who have come into Hawaii—mothers, wives and sisters of the Americans or Englishmen, whose capital is helping to develop the country—have set an example to the natives which they are not slow to follow. The children, too, in the kindergartens and the public schools are being rapidly Anglicized.

The half caste population, families in which the blood of the Fijians, the Chinese or Japanese and the wife a native woman, receives greater respect than is accorded the same class anywhere else in the world.

There is the family of the Chinese Vanderbilts, for instance, that of Ah Fong, whose 13 daughters are said to be the belles of Honolulu, and who have long been the toast of naval officers whose ships lingered in Honolulu bay. The lovely slant eyed Misses Ah Fong are said to be very well educated, clever and of excellent taste. Those of the 13 now married have bestowed their hands and hearts upon the hands and hearts of the natives upon appreciative Caucasian suitors.

Many of the native Hawaiian women are quite well endowed with land, and this has of course won them fortune hunters from other lands, who have gone to Hawaii to take up rice or sugar planting. Marrying a Hawaiian lady is of course cheaper than buying a plantation.

Possibly nothing will give a better idea of the character of the Hawaiian women than the story of that splendid semisavage, Princess Kapolani, who visited this country in 1887. Like all Hawaiians, she believed that the crater of Mount Kilagea was inhabited by the terrible goddess Pele, who whenever she was angry or offended, poured forth a storm of fire and lava upon the land. Being convinced that Pele was a humbug and in order to prove it to her people and perhaps chase away any lingering doubts of her own, she announced that on a certain day she would ascend the mountain with her attendants and challenge the goddess in the name of Jehovah, the Christian's God, to do her worst.

As they climbed the mountain side one of the priestesses of Pele, who lived on the mountain, came out to urge her to give up her project. Princess Kapolani merely laughed at the old woman and went on. When they reached the brink of the crater, looking down into the horrible pit with its seething lava and flames, she invoked the goddess:

"These dres were kindled by Jehovah," said she, "alone is God, and Pele is naught. I trust in Jehovah, and he will preserve me. Let Pele pour forth fire and stone and lava as her answer."

Kapolani cast stones and other rubbish into the sacred crater, and breaking up a cluster of the mountain berries sacred to the goddess, she deliberately ate them, to the presence of the priestesses of Pele and her suit. She also broke off the long, fine threads of lava that hung over the rocks upon the mountain side and which were known as Pele's hair.

There was no desecration which she could think of which she did not offer the ancient goddess, and the mountain, but the voice of the volcano was still. For days after the faithful waited, expecting Pele to make reply, but she never reversed the affront, and with one accord the Hawaiians disowned her. Since then Christianity has flourished in the island.

In their homes the Hawaiian people are simple and hospitable. The better classes have an ideal life, being deeply devoted to one another. Picturesque and perhaps a trifle emotional, they add to the virtues of the American qualities which may serve to round out and soften some of the more rigid national traits.

It may not be generally known, but in Hawaii men greatly exceed women in number, so that spinsters have a delightful range of choice even though they remain single until well on toward the "fair, fat and forty" stage.

ETHEL KNOX.

## ETIQUETTE OF A COURT BALL.

Buckingham palace, London, is admirably adapted for the giving of state balls, and many historic entertainments of the kind have taken place in the splendid suit of rooms which overlook St. James' park on the one hand and the beautiful gardens of the palace on the other. Some people are under the erroneous impression that every lady presented at court has a right to an invitation for one of the two state balls which are given each season. This is quite a mistake, and the fact is that, although certain officials and their families are invited as a matter of course to the state balls, the invitations are issued according to strict rules.

One of the most interesting apartments in Buckingham palace are closed on the occasion of the state ball. Among them is the small Chinese dining room, every article in which was once in the summer palace at Peking. The walls are covered with Chinese pictures, and from the painted ceiling hangs a wonderful chandelier in the form of a bunch of tulips. This apartment was brought from the pavilion at Brighton and may certainly take rank among the curiosities of furnishing.

Before each state ball several vanloads of plate are brought up from Windsor to Buckingham palace, but the staff of servants kept in London is quite able to cope with the refreshments, the more so that all the fruit and vegetables are supplied from the gardens at Windsor. One great feature of the Buckingham palace buffet is a certain kind of luck or Moselle cup, made from a very old German recipe and from specially selected wines.

The etiquette of a state ball is somewhat peculiar. The guests are not introduced, and there is no official reception. The dancing does not begin until the arrival of the royal party. Court trains are not worn at state balls. On the other hand, gentlemen are expected to appear in uniform or court dress.

Court dresses, whether of cloth or black velvet, if of cloth, the color chosen is generally dark blue, claret or brown. It consists of a dress coat, trousers finished off with a narrow gold stripe down the side, a white waistcoat, a peaked hat and a sword. A black velvet court dress is by far the most becoming. When a dress coat and breeches are worn, silk stockings, low shoes with silver buckles, a cocked hat and sword complete the costume. The court dress of a clergyman is very unbecoming, for it consists of a black silk Geneva gown and bands. Bishops are not presented, for on being appointed they do homage to the queen, and this takes the place of a presentation. On the other hand, they attend levees. Full dress uniform is worn by officers belonging to both services, by deputy lieutenants and, in a word, by all those who have a right to any special form of costume. The prime minister presents all members of the diplomatic body and members of the cabinet.

### A Wonderful Lace Scarf.

The French nation has recently presented to the empress of Russia a specimen of modern lace worthy of her, a real masterpiece of lacemaking. It consists of a cobweb scarf, two yards long and one yard wide, in a variety of colored chintilly lace never attempted before and sufficiently light to be carried off by butterflies. In this instance polychrome effects have been successfully achieved by a few lacemakers at Ecuveux under the supervision of the painter Felix Aubert. This innovation was suggested to the artist while at Venice, where he had the opportunity to admire the skill of a few embroideresses copying with wonderful accuracy some designs from Correggio.

The first samples of this new departure were submitted to M. Hanotaux, who takes great interest in the lace industry. The minister of foreign affairs himself was so delighted with the beauty of the work and of its thread painting that he at once ordered a scarf to be made in this unique style, intended as a suitable gift to Alexandra of Russia.

The front pattern of the scarf displays no less than 20 different shades. Its border of conventional narcissi encloses a frame of two interlaced rose stems, bearing respectively red France, roses and yellow roses. By a delicate foreground the center is left as open and aerial as possible, so as to veil the beauty of the bare shoulders which it is meant to shelter. On this light ground of rare point d'Alencon are sparingly scattered small lilies, white at such angle glitter the imperial crown and monogram of the empress, A. R. (Alexandra Fedorovna), woven in gold.

The empress will thus have the opportunity of comparing the latest notion in mulleulace lace manufactured by the fairy workers of France with the polychrome style of more ancient origin produced by lace workers of her empire.

### The Czar at Home.

A pretty picture of the home life of the czar is the following: Alexander III was said to be an autocrat even in the bosom of his family. Nicholas II, however, is the very reverse. He regards his consort as a good comrade, and when, in urgent cases, ministers seek an audience late in the evening he is invariably to be found in her company, chatting and laughing without restraint. The czar is generally occupied at his desk, while the czarina busies herself with embroidery work. Immediately a minister enters she rises as if to retire, but more often than otherwise the czar informs her that she is not one too many.



THE FAREWELL DIP OF THE SEASON.

dances, mint juleps and admiration. She does not drink so many juleps, but each morning she takes one, because she has been in the habit of doing so ever since she was a baby, and she manages to imitate it as a big might, her pretty face showing above the bunch of green like the flower that she is. She is adored by young and old, and the secret of her popularity lies in this—she will give up a dance with the man whom she loves dearly to hobble through one with old Tom Ashton, who will persist in dancing, although he has a wooden leg, but then he fought alongside of papa and once saved him from being killed during the war.

Of course there are women here who dress superbly, much more magnificent than many of the northern watering places, but they are the wives either

tion of chicken, and, though up to date you may have thought a chicken good in its way and undoubtedly healthful, it is simply surprising to see these southern women eat it meal after meal and prefer it to the julep steak, the most undorine bit of mutton or the finest fish that ever was caught.

The belle of the year is talking softly of a beautiful woman who was the belle before her mother was married—a wonderful beauty, a great wit—the daughter of Judge Ould of Richmond, known to all the country round as Mattie Ould. She did everything, and she did everything well. Men fell before her as tin soldiers before an active broom, and yet she never lost her sweetness of temper.

At that time a Miss Triplett, also from Virginia, was a sort of rival to this beautiful girl, and my pretty belle

them, since their homes, children and husbands usually make a world that satisfies them.

It is because while they are intelligent, well read women, usually women up in the classics, they will not touch the foul sex novel of today.

It is love, love, love, that makes the southern girl go around. Every girl expects to get a husband and to love him with all her heart, and she is seldom disappointed. The average man is usually very happy when he gets the "belle of the Springs" or one of her admiring women friends for a wife, and he ought to be, oughtn't he?

A woman took the first prize at the Lancashire and Cheshire Phonetic Union association's competitive examination. She is Miss Flora Ferguson and was one of 4,000 shorthand candidates for the honor.

Women in the Philippine Islands have a pretty independent time of it, after their manner. Their husbands are absent, married women retain their maiden name, adding to it the husband's name

with the prefix "de." A widow buries her husband's name with him and immediately is known again by her girlhood name. A woman's property is never settled on her husband, a custom which affords little incentive to wife poisoning and like practices for marital gain. At a wife's death her children are considered to be her nearest heirs.

Miss Elizabeth Plankington presented to the city of Milwaukee the first of its public monuments, surmounted by the bronze statue of Washington. The beautiful bronze figure of Lief, the Norseman, which, with the more costly statue of Solomon Juncos, adorns Juncos

park, was the work of a woman's genius and the tribute of a woman to Milwaukee. And now Mrs. Lydia Ely, daughter of one of the city's early pioneers, has presented to it a soldiers' monument. During the war Mrs. Ely maintained a hospital for wounded soldiers and afterward established the Milwaukee branch of the National Soldiers' home.

Princess Henry of Battenberg is the third woman of the British royal family now authorized to wear the medals of the St. John Ambulance association. The medallion has already been granted to Princess Christian and the Duchess of Albany. A candidate for the medal

lion must pass an examination on first aid, another on nursing, and eventually a third, which covers both subjects.

Mme. Louise Bernst is at the head of one of the largest wholesale feather houses in Paris. It is said that she shows any amount of tact in her business dealings and prefers foreigners as customers. In the last 12 years she has increased the annual returns of her concern from 500,000 francs to 2,000,000.

Mrs. Flora Van Cuylenburg, a native of Ceylon and at present a student at the London Medical school, has received a studentship of \$375 a year for three years and one term that she may be trained up as a medical missionary.

Miss Lolla Stephenson of Cincinnati is the youngest symphonic leader in this country, and probably in the world. She is now only 18, having been born at Wabash, Ind., in 1880. She began to study the violin at the age of 7, and when 11 years old played first violin and directed the local orchestra, which furnished music for all entertainments at the Wabash Opera House. She retained this post four years, at the end of which time she went to Cincinnati to study under Henry C. Froehlich, concert master of the Cincinnati orchestra. In three

years under him she has finished the five year course and now wishes to go abroad.

The czarina evidently forgot, when she forbade the practice of smoking among the ladies at the imperial court, that reform, like charity, should begin at home. Princess Henry of Prussia, her sister, is devoted to the cigarette. The Dowager Empress Alexandra smoked habitually, as did the Duchess of Cumberland, the empress of Austria, the queen regent of Spain and the queen of Portugal. Man cannot give up

## WOMEN THE WORLD OVER.

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his beloved tobacco without a tug, and why should woman? Surely he will not find it in his heart to blame the ladies of the court for petitioning for a withdrawal of the distasteful order.

The Duchess of Sutherland has consented to act as president of the British Society of Women Journalists.

The queen of Greece lately sent an American woman an autograph letter expressing her thanks for a generous contribution sent a few months ago to the American-Greek mission at Athens by Mrs. E. C. H. of New York City. Her contribution was for the benefit of the sick and wounded Greek soldiers and their families. It is said that in many

Greek schools, whenever the national anthem is sung, it is followed by the American national hymn, in grateful recognition of the sympathy and substantial aid received from many citizens of this country.

A woman took the first prize at the Lancashire and Cheshire Phonetic Union association's competitive examination. She is Miss Flora Ferguson and was one of 4,000 shorthand candidates for the honor.

Women in the Philippine Islands have a pretty independent time of it, after their manner. Their husbands are absent, married women retain their maiden name, adding to it the husband's name

with the prefix "de." A widow buries her husband's name with him and immediately is known again by her girlhood name. A woman's property is never settled on her husband, a custom which affords little incentive to wife poisoning and like practices for marital gain. At a wife's death her children are considered to be her nearest heirs.

Miss Elizabeth Plankington presented to the city of Milwaukee the first of its public monuments, surmounted by the bronze statue of Washington. The beautiful bronze figure of Lief, the Norseman, which, with the more costly statue of Solomon Juncos, adorns Juncos

park, was the work of a woman's genius and the tribute of a woman to Milwaukee. And now Mrs. Lydia Ely, daughter of one of the city's early pioneers, has presented to it a soldiers' monument. During the war Mrs. Ely maintained a hospital for wounded soldiers and afterward established the Milwaukee branch of the National Soldiers' home.

Princess Henry of Battenberg is the third woman of the British royal family now authorized to wear the medals of the St. John Ambulance association. The medallion has already been granted to Princess Christian and the Duchess of Albany. A candidate for the medal

lion must pass an examination on first aid, another on nursing, and eventually a third, which covers both subjects.

Mme. Louise Bernst is at the head of one of the largest wholesale feather houses in Paris. It is said that she shows any amount of tact in her business dealings and prefers foreigners as customers. In the last 12 years she has increased the annual returns of her concern from 500,000 francs to 2,000,000.

Mrs. Flora Van Cuylenburg, a native of Ceylon and at present a student at the London Medical school, has received a studentship of \$375 a year for three years and one term that she may be trained up as a medical missionary.



## 3 World Renowned Shoes

### THE SOROSIS SHOES!

As sanctioned by the ladies of the Sorosis club of New York.

**\$3.50 per pair.**

### THE JENNESS MILLER SHOES!

As approved by Jenness Miller the criterion of hygienic principles as applied to women's dress.

**\$3.50 and \$5.00 per pair.**

### THE ELITE SHOES!

Acknowledged by the business men of the country to be the best medium grade shoe made.

**\$3.50 per pair.**

These Shoes Sold Only By

## Pratt Brothers

Who have been appointed exclusive agents for North Adams and vicinity.

1 Burlingame Block

Main Street

## Framing Pictures

To order, with over 400 different styles to select from and designs constantly changing makes

## Dickinson's

JEWELER,  
STATIONER,  
ART DEALER,

The best place in Western Massachusetts to have your pictures framed. Quality, Variety and Price to please.

## THE BURLINGAME & DARBY'S COMPANY.

Established 1839.

Incorporated 1898.

Fifty-nine years of business in one place is not the good fortune of every concern. Our business has grown to very large proportions the last ten years. It has kept pace with the rapid but steady growth of our city. Our patronage has come not only from the "Western Gateway," but from towns and cities within a radius of thirty miles and more. We found it necessary to make some changes in our firm, consequently we became incorporated. We are going to make a number of changes in the interior arrangement of our store whereby we can give the best and quickest service to our customers of any store in the city.

We thank most sincerely the thousands who have been our patrons, and we ask you to continue trading with us, assuring you that the "Square Dealing" that has been our business watchword will continue.

## THE BURLINGAME & DARBY'S COMPANY.

## Peter Schuyler "Perfectos"

**\$70.00 PER 1000 10¢ STRAIGHT.**  
Sole and Sole & Horton, Main Street, ALBANY

### SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF 20 WORDS OR LESS FOR 50 CENTS A WEEK OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS NO CHARGE LESS THAN 20 CENTS

#### TO RENT

The building now occupied as a public library is for rent. Apply to W. H. Sperry, 9 and 11 Holden street.

Engagement of 6 rooms on Eagle street \$18.00, seven room cottage on Main street \$18.00, eight room cottage on Main street, hot and cold water and furnace \$20.00. Inquire at Rogers' drug store, 39 Eagle street.

Ready September 6, new tenements on Washington street. All modern improvements. Inquire at office of J. J. Arbo.

Furnished rooms with board if desired. 7 Ashland street.

Furnished room to rent at 3 Ashland street.

New cottage, 67 Bracwell avenue. Modern improvements. \$15 per month. Apply to Bathing Co.

Rooms over at Jan Baptist hall, suitable for office. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Tea room, lower floor, 8 rooms, 31 High street, a month. A. D. Howe.

Furnished room. Apply 31 Ashland at 120 ft.

Detached, heated by hot water, modern conveniences. 11 Bryant street. Rent \$15 per month. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Tea room, 140 Main street, \$12.50. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Office building to rent, 18 Vesque street. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Furnished rooms, 14 Main street. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Four room flat, Holden street, \$10 and \$12.50. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Six room tenement, 100 Central street, \$12.50. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Eight room cottage, new, glass front and electric lights, \$10 and \$12.50. Inquire at 121 Main street.

Two new four room flats, all modern improvements. Apply F. E. Pike, 40 East Quaker street.

Detached tenement on Glen street. \$8.50. Inquire at 121 Main street.

#### FOR SALE

Four bred English bull pup. Price very low. For further particulars inquire 7 Morton hill.

A fine line of light, road and heavy wagons at D. J. Cook's, Maple street, Adams. Call and see prices. You will save money.

A good burglar. My home to West Main street. Reason given in one month. Henry A. Tower.

#### WANTED

A good girl for general housework. Apply at once at C. A. Neale, 22 Williams street.

A thoroughly reliable American woman for general work. Apply Berkshire Hotel, North Adams.

A good cylinder warmer on main floor. O. W. Robbins Shoe Co., Pittsfield, Mass.

Girl to take care of children. One who can go home nights. Apply 23 Church street.

#### SITUATIONS WANTED

Boys with a dreamer or in a private home. For address inquire at this office.

General housework, girl, cook, waitress, etc. Inquire at 121 Main street.

General housework, girl, cook, waitress, etc. Inquire at 121 Main street.

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## BIG FIELD DAY

Thousands of Visitors in

Pittsfield For F. M. T. A.

Outing.

LARGE ATTENDANCE FROM HERE

Local Society Takes Second Prize For

Size of Company. Company M

Boys Cheered. One Local

Prize Winner in Field

Events.

There was everything that goes to make a big success at the Father Mathew field day at Pittsfield Monday, a great crowd pleasant weather, and perfect arrangements. The crowd was estimated at all the way from 10,000 to 25,000. The decorations in Pittsfield were very elaborate and every preparation had been made for the cordial reception to the thousands of visitors. The weather was hot, but not so unbearable as on some of the previous days.

Over 2,000 went down from this city. The special train left with 14 cars, each one packed to the center, every inch of standing room being used. There were also hundreds who went down on the regular trains. The society of this city took the second prize for attendance, having the next to largest number in the parade.

The parade was started at 11 o'clock. Several members of Company M were in carriages and were cheered as they appeared, as were also three men from the regular army who have not yet returned to their command. Major Whipple of Adams was in the parade, but his famous mare was lame, and he rode a handsome bay horse. He was recognized by many in the crowd and was given a reception. The snap shot dead was in evidence, and Major Whipple and the honorary marshal, Rev. John J. McCoy of Chicopee, who rode side by side, were the special objects of attack from the camera.

Sheriff Fuller and deputies led the parade. Captain Leonard was chief marshal and Major Whipple and Rev. J. J. McCoy were honorary marshals. John J. Mahoney of Blackington was marshal of the first division which included the Berkshire companies. The Pittsfield society had 75 men in line. Dutton had 40, this city 150, Adams 40, Cheshire 20.

Lieut. Gov. Crane and Congressman George P. Lawrence reviewed the parade at the reviewing stand near the Merrill block. Among the others present on the stand were Ex-Sheriff Crosby, ex-Sheriff Wellington, Sen. Morris Schaff, Chief Francis of the fire department, and County Commissioner Wood.

In the field events, the prizes were mostly taken by men from the eastern societies. Patrick J. Malloy was the local champion, taking four prizes for the society of this city. They were third in the 220 yard dash, third in the running hop, step and jump, fourth in the running broad jump, and fourth in the running high jump. There were also ball games and daylight fire works. Clapp's band accompanied the local society, and received much praise for its playing. The largest part of the local crowd returned about 5 o'clock.

### Funeral of Frederick S. Rice.

The funeral of Frederick S. Rice was held at the home, corner of Pleasant and Cherry streets, at 10:30 o'clock Monday and was largely attended, many friends of the deceased being present from out of town. The services were conducted by Rev. T. L. Tenney, pastor of the Congregational church, assisted by Rev. E. L. Ruberg of Pittsfield, and singing was by a quartet composed of Miss Kate Arnold, Mrs. Macomber, Joseph J. Marriott and Joseph A. Hunter. The bearers were J. H. Wagon, W. P. Darby, A. McMillin, Dr. Wallace E. Brown, Fred A. Plagg, of Troy and D. A. Russell. The burial was in the family lot in Shelburne Falls.

### Met With Painful Accident.

Charles Levin of 9 Porter street met with a very painful accident Sunday. He was riding down East Main street on his bicycle. His feet were on the coasters and he went at a rapid pace. As he neared the bottom he became confused and ran into the rear of a teaming wagon. The accident was so severe that he was thrown from his wheel and when picked up in a bad shape. The blood ran in a stream from his right arm and nose. He sustained a deep gash in the fleshy part of his right arm about six inches long. Dr. Canedy put seven stitches in the wound.

### Dr. Dewey Ill With Fever.

Dr. D. R. Dewey, who has been an assistant surgeon with the troops at Chickamauga, has returned to his home on account of the moving of the division hospital in which he was located. He is now home on account of being called out for service again or not. Since arriving, he has become ill with fever, and is now unable to be out. The fever was undoubtedly caused by his experiences in Chickamauga, but it is hard to understand, as he was well while there.

### Major Whipple For Sheriff.

During the past day or so Major Whipple's name has frequently been mentioned in connection with the sheriff contest. His name was mentioned as a Republican candidate as opposed to Sheriff Fuller. Major Whipple's war record, it is thought by his friends would work in his favor. Major Whipple has not been consulted on the subject, however, and it is thought he would not consent to run, as he is one of Sheriff Fuller's deputies.

### Forrester's Field Day.

There was a large attendance and a very enjoyable time at the Forrester's field day in Adams Monday. The arrangements were excellent, and everything went smoothly to make a most successful day. In the tug-of-war between the Adams team and the team from this city, the Adams men won. The baseball game between the married men and single men resulted in a victory for the former by the score of 16 to 9.

The Hurd-Potter reunion at Pon-tiac Monday took place from this city.

## OFFICER KILLED BY TRAIN.

New Hampshire Man Was Looking For Criminals, Who Came to This City.

Clason P. Baker of Meriden, N. H., a deputy sheriff, was found dead at Charlemont on the Fitchburg road tracks Monday morning. The body was discovered by the engineer of the train that reaches here at 7:45 in the morning. The body was lying near the tracks about three-quarters of a mile this side of the Charlemont station. Baker went to Greenfield Sunday morning on the "Owl" train. He said he was an officer in pursuit of a criminal, who eluded him in Greenfield and came to this city Sunday on the 123 train. The officer went to Shelburne Falls on a freight train and was put off there, and drove to Charlemont. He registered at the Charlemont house, and left the hotel at 6 o'clock Sunday evening to take the train for this city, and that was the last seen of him until he was found.

Medical Examiner F. J. Canedy of Shelburne Falls took the body to Shelburne Falls, and found that Baker was killed by the cars. On his person no badge or officer's papers were found. His face and skull on the left side are badly fractured, and on the left side above the ear is another fracture and had cut. District Attorney Hammond was notified by Dr. Canedy of the affair, and being unable to find any state officer, sent word to Deputy Sheriff W. M. Smead to look into the matter. Why Mr. Baker should have gone down the track at Charlemont, instead of to the depot, is not known. Baker was in hot pursuit of his man, evidently, but there are several things in connection with his actions that cannot be explained. It was at first believed that Baker had met with foul play, and had been placed on the tracks after being knocked senseless.

## THREE SERIOUS CASES.

In District Court Today. Few Results of Holidays.

There were very few drunks in district court this morning after two days of holiday, only six appearing, which some were continued cases. But there were three more serious affairs. Dennis Leary was charged with embezzlement, the amount involved being \$32. The complaint was made by John Barry, and it is alleged that Leary appropriated the amount, which he had been given to pay another man by Mrs. Barry. Leary was not present, and his bail, furnished by James, was declared forfeited.

N. J. Macenensis was charged with breaking and entering the house of Joseph Jackson on River street extension Saturday night, and with disturbing the peace. The case was continued till Friday, and he was held under \$150 bonds. The case is a somewhat complicated one, Macenensis claiming that it is a matter of mistaken identity. Julius Sannoy was charged with assault on Mary Hampton, a young girl. The alleged assault took place in the Union Saturday night. The girl crying for help and the man being frightened away. Simple assault was the only charge that could be brought. The case was continued till September 15, Sannoy being held under \$100 bonds.

## GLASS BLOWERS IN TROUBLE.

Return to the City and Are Arrested. Charged With Larceny.

Andrew W. Scott and Melinda Scott, with their four children, were arrested this morning by Captain Dismore and will answer the charge of larceny. They were in the city about four weeks ago, and roomed with Mrs. Brooks on Center street. When they left without paying any rent, a feather box was discovered missing. They were seen in the city today, and promptly arrested, to see what their connection with the box was. It is a glass blower, and said he came back to give exhibitions in this city.

## CITY HAS BORROWED THE FIVE

Thousand Dollars For Normal School. Council Meeting.

A regular meeting of the city council will be held this evening. Little of importance is scheduled. The Normal school matter which was expected to come up for revision will not do so, as the city treasurer has borrowed the \$5,000 voted at the last meeting. The mayor will recommend an appropriation for street repairs. Some old business holds over, but no other important new business is expected.

## Fire Department Changes.

Chief Eyns has appointed David Johnson as foreman of hose 1 to take the place of Mr. Nichols, who has been promoted. O. Lasher takes the place of assistant foreman vacated by Mr. Johnson.

The new swinging harnesses for the hose 1 arrived this morning. Charles Bass and John Bissio left today for the state convention at Southbridge.

## Read Murder Talk.

The indictment on the Read murders will be continued tomorrow morning if the officers are able to secure the witnesses wanted. The rumors on the great mystery have continued to increase, but nothing more definite is known than was the case when this second part of the inquest began, the officers refusing to speak.

## Serious Adams Runaway.

Fred O. Shumann, a butcher of Rensselaer, was seriously injured on Columbia street this morning in trying to stop a runaway. The horse belonged to a tea peddler from this city, and when Mr. Shumann caught him by the bridle it reared and struck him to the ground. The frightened animal then kicked him in the side, breaking a rib.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Ward of 21 Spring street Monday morning.

Major Whipple has left for Montauk and will visit the Adirondacks before his return.

Delegates from here were present at the Y. P. C. E. convention in Great Barrington Monday.

Private Augustus Wood was taken ill at his home. Frank Quinn of the regulars is expected today.

## CORPORAL STURM DEAD

Succumbs to Typhoid Fever and Pneumonia at Hospital.

RESULTS OF OVER EXERTION

Was One of First to Return From

Cuba. Twelfth Company M Death.

Return of Several More

Soldiers.

Corporal John E. Sturm of Adams died at the hospital in this city this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. He had been in the hospital only a little over a week, suffering from typhoid fever and pneumonia. His is the 12th death in Company M.

Corporal Sturm was born in Cheshire, and has a wife and child living in Adams. He was married about a year ago. He had worked in the Delage mill in this city. He had been a member of Company M for several years.

He was among the first to return and was not considered seriously ill. But, partly from over exertion, he suffered a relapse, and for the past week his condition had been critical. His family was with him this morning.

## News of the Soldiers.

Sergeant Victor King of Adams and Private Aspen of this city, have left Montauk Point for Boston and will soon be home. They are recovering rapidly from their sickness.

Mrs. King returned to her home in Adams last afternoon from Boston, where she met her son on his arrival from Montauk. He is very weak, but doing well. A press dispatch from Boston states that he is dangerously weak, but this is believed to be exaggerated.

Hugh F. Brown returned today to this city from Fort McPherson, where he has been recovering from illness. Private John Thompson, who has been sick at Governor's Island, New York, is also reported as being in good condition and will soon come home.

The Roumanian arrived off Montauk Point Sunday having on board James Kersey, a son of Adams, and Private William Dupree of Company M. Sergeant O'Brien, who everyone is anxious to see return was unable to leave and is still at Santiago.

James T. Baker of Boston was in Adams Saturday evening. He had been in Adams Saturday evening. He had been in Adams Saturday evening. He had been in Adams Saturday evening. He had been in Adams Saturday evening.

Dr. H. B. Holmes of Adams has gone to Montauk Point to care for Private William Dupree.

Several soldiers returned to the city Monday, including D. M. Wells Jr. of the Second New York who with one or two others had a 24 hours furlough. Edward A. McPeck and Angelo Bisconti returned to the city Monday. They are members of the First Vermont volunteers.

## Ashland Street Mystery.

The police are investigating a somewhat startling mystery on Ashland street Monday. It was reported that a woman's hat, parasol and handkerchief, covered with blood had been found near the stone crusher. On investigation there was found to be a large quantity of blood so much that foul play was suspected.

## CHESHIRE.

Miss Ella Flaherty has gone to Salem to enter the Normal school in that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Nickerson and Mr. Haskins of North Adams were the guests of Mrs. Almida Nickerson yesterday.

Miss Maude Bryant left yesterday for Morrisville, N. Y., where she will take charge of a kindergarten.

Miss Mabel Blood and Henry Blood gave a waltz concert party at their home last evening in honor of Miss Stella Richardson of Troy. About twenty guests were present, including Miss George Foster of Thomaston, Conn., Miss Grace Blood of Boston, Miss Richardson of Troy and A. L. Brown of New York, and Prof. Williams of Potsdam Institute of Technology. During the evening Mrs. P. B. Dean sang several solos and Misses Foster, Lane and Blood rendered selections upon the piano.

Mr. Charles Beach of New York is stopping at "The Cedars".

E. B. Richardson was home over Sunday.

Rev. George Buckle of Elizabeth, N. J. who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Fisk, returned to his home today.

A. L. Brown, who has been stopping at "The Cedars" for the past few weeks has returned to New York.

Frank Williams left today for Potsdam, N. Y., where he will act as Professor of Chemistry at the Institute of Technology in that place.

Miss Stella Richardson has returned to her home.

The ball game played Saturday between the Cheshires and St. Johns of North Adams resulted in a victory at the end of the seventh inning for the home team with a score of 11 to 5. The game played yesterday between the Cheshires and Berlin was the most exciting game played this season. The Berlin won with a score of 7 to 5.

An Epworth League business meeting was held at the Methodist Episcopal church last evening, and it was decided to give a concert at the church Sunday evening, September 13.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirk Sanders of Springfield are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Saunders.

Mrs. John Buck of North Adams has been visiting relatives in town.

Miss Carrie Allen of Spencer, Mass., has returned to take up her school duties.

A concert will be given at the M. E. church Friday evening, September 11th by the male quartet of the Adams Methodist church. Admission 15c after the concert ice cream will be served.

The schools opened today with the same corps of teachers as last year.

The ladies' Aid society of the Baptist church will give a social this evening at the home of Elsie Prince. The team will be at the home of E. G. Brown at 8:30 to carry the people there.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

## M. STEINERT & SONS CO.,

Great

## PIANO SALE.

Having decided to discontinue our warerooms at 37 Eagle Street, we shall offer for the next 30 Days our entire stock of High-Grade Pianos at tremendous discounts, rather than remove them from the city. If you wish a first-class Piano, this is the opportunity to obtain one at the lowest figures possible.

	Regular Price.	Removal Price.
One Fancy Walnut Hardman Upright,	\$475	\$390
One Emerson Upright,	450	365
One Emerson Upright,	425	340
One Fancy Mahogany Hardman Upright,	475	390
One Elegant Pease Upright,	350	260
One Fine Summer Upright,	300	175
One Second-Hand Steinway & Sons Square,		150

## M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

37 Eagle Street.

Operators of fifteen stores in New England.

## IS YOUR RAZOR DULL?

We are selling a good double razor strop with Razorine that will sharpen the dullest Razor for

Only 25 Cents

J. M. Darby's Hardware Store,

49 EAGLE STREET.

## Baker-Rose Sanitarium

Of Massachusetts

Park Avenue, North Adams, Mass.

The Baker-Rose Sanitarium has proved its superiority over others as shown by the number of cures from other treatments which it has effected in Massachusetts alone we have treated and cured over one thousand during the past four years. Our specialty is the scientific treatment and CURE of LIQUOR, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Chloral habits. Correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

Reliable References Furnished.

Telephone 33-12

## Pitchers

Pitchers Every housewife knows that she cannot own too many. They are always in demand.

Pitchers We have a stock which embraces all sizes, colors, shapes and prices.

Pitchers We have them from 10c up.

Pitchers We have enough to supply the city. Get one while they are going.

## Maxwell & McCurdy,

[SUCCESSORS TO C. H. MATTHEW.]



**SAMUEL GULLY & CO.**

The  
"Round Up Sale"  
HAS BEEN A  
Grand Success.

Every department in

THE BIG STORE

Since Wednesday morning has been crowded with eager buyers. We are determined to close out every dollar's worth of summer stock and will offer

Saturday Morning Greater Bargains Than Ever....

100 pairs more white and colored blankets 39c a pair  
20 pieces yard wide percales at only 5c a yard.  
35 pieces dress gingham 5c a yard.  
20 pieces brown sheeting 3 3-4c a yard.  
8 pieces bleached sheeting 2 1-4 yards wide 12 1-2c yd.  
75 ladies' jackets and 35 children's jackets all at \$1.50 each.  
150 ladies' and children's straw hats 25c each.  
5 lots dress goods at 19c, 29c, 39c, 49c and 59c some of them worth double.  
Lace curtains and drapery nets at one quarter and one-half off.

COME QUICK

If you want to secure a share of the bargains.

**SAMUEL GULLY & CO.**

**LABOR DAY**

Is a holiday for toilers and everybody else. The clerks in the stores work as hard as anybody and need a day off. My store will be closed all day, but extra help will be employed Saturday so that all wants can be supplied.  
An extra quantity of fresh vegetables will be provided for you all.  
Please give us your orders early.

**M. V. N. BRAMAN**

101 Main Street,  
12 State Street,  
Telephone 220.

**LAWRENCE'S**  
103  
5c CIGAR  
UNION MADE  
Our Leading 5c CIGAR.  
We recommend the above to all lovers of a good smoke.  
MANUFACTURED BY  
Chas. Lawrence & Co., Boston.  
TRADE SUPPLIED BY  
North Adams Drug Company,  
93 MAIN ST.  
Largest Stock of Cigars in Western Massachusetts.

NOTICE.  
The commissioner of public works will be at his office each week day from 1.30 to 3 o. m.  
J. H. EMIGH,

## MANY SHIPWRECKED SOLDIERS

### Terrible Suffering Among Those Who Reached Boston This Morning.

### General Brooke's Triumphant Progress In Porto Rico. Alger Sends to Montauk For Information.

#### TORTURED SOLDIERS

Arrive at Boston After Ship Wreck. Sergeant King Among Them. Many Unable to Walk.

Boston, Sept. 6.—One hundred and thirteen battle worn, camp sick, shipwrecked soldiers, who only three months ago left Massachusetts to fight for their country, arrived in this city early this morning and were distributed among the hospitals. They survived the Spanish bullets and fever camp at Santiago, the horrors of the trip north on the Alleghany, the misery of detention camp at Montauk, yet still, when through the munificence of the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association they attempted to reach the Bay state last night they were forced to undergo another hardship in the wreck of the steamer Lewiston on Point Judith and a rough, hard voyage across Narragansett bay on an open lighter and a long railroad ride to Boston.

That none succumbed is not only remarkable but miraculous. They arrived in Boston at 5.30. No ambulances were ready, and they were transferred to various hospitals. Fifty were unable to walk, and a dozen unconscious.

One of the most pathetic sights in connection with the disastrous voyage was the devotion of Mrs. Ann King of Adams, mother of Sergeant Victor King. She went to Wilkoff to nurse her boy back to strength, and here waited in the car till his turn came. Then she accompanied him to the hospital. He is very weak.

#### SECRETARY DAY OUT.

Will Not Resume That Position. Justice White Will Decline.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Secretary Day probably will not resume the functions of secretary of state, and it may be assumed that his connection with the department, save in the capacity of peace commissioner, terminated when he left Washington for Ohio yesterday.

There is no longer doubt that Justice White has decided to decline the appointment as peace commissioner, and refrains from making a public announcement of his purpose at the request of the President.

#### Five Deaths at Montauk.

New York, Sept. 6.—There were 5 deaths in Camp Wilkoff today. There are 900 men in the general hospital now, a low figure.

#### Factory Inspectors Meet.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The International Association of Factory Inspectors began its 15th annual convention yesterday. Governor Wolcott spoke for the commonwealth and Mayor Quincy for the city. The former felt that the administering of factory laws is very important. Massachusetts had endeavored to lead in factory legislation, guarding employees from danger and the young so that they should have education and that their bodies should not be overtaxed while growing by too many hours of labor.

Mayor Quincy expressed his appreciation of the good work in which the association is engaged. When in the legislature he had become much interested in it. Massachusetts had led the way, and it was to her credit that she had been bold enough to lead. It had been said that she had gone too far in the line of factory legislation. Some state had to lead, and he thought the opinion of the whole American people would uphold the step taken.

#### To Discuss Secretary.

Madrid, Sept. 6.—According to the statements of several senators, Premier Sagasta, after the senate galleries had been cleared yesterday, proposed that questions relating to territorial regions be discussed in secret. Replying to criticism of such a procedure, the premier urged that delicate matters of such a nature were always discussed in secret. Moreover, he pointed out, the existing situation was very grave, Spain having obtained only a suspension of hostilities, and indiscreet language might interfere with the diplomatic negotiations. The motion was carried by a vote of 57 to 5.

#### EXCHANGED BUTTONS.

American and Spanish Soldiers Fraternize During a March.

San Juan, Sept. 6.—Major General John R. Brooke, his staff and escort have completed two-thirds of their journey across the island towards this city. Their march has been like a march through friendly territory. On Saturday General Brooke stopped at Cayey, Monday he entered Rio Piedras, one of the aristocratic suburbs of San Juan, where he will establish his headquarters. General Brooke has accepted the hospitality of Captain General Macías, who graciously offered him the use of his private residence.

The column, though small, is imposing, and is making a deep impression. As it wound its way over steep mountains, covered to their summits with coffee and tobacco plantations, and through broad savannas and valleys, General Brooke, with his chief of staff, rode at the head of the column. The natives who had news of the coming of the Americans, lined the roads, their faces showing their pleasure, although there was no demonstration. At intervals along the way, the Spanish soldiers of the civil guard, presented arms as the column passed. At Cayey and Caguas, the Spanish commanders received General Brooke with marked courtesies, and the majors paid official visits, extending welcome to their troops.

At Caguas, where 1000 Spanish regulars are stationed under the command of Colonel Rodriguez, the Spaniards were plentiful. The Spanish buglers gave the flourish in honor of a major general upon their arrival. Houses had been set apart for the accommodation of General Brooke and his staff. The infantry and cavalry companies camped in the outskirts of the town, and were visited by the Spanish soldiers. There was no display whatever of ill-feeling. Spaniard and American mingled freely, fraternizing and exchanging buttons as souvenirs. Already many of the American soldiers are buttonless. Spanish flags flew at Cayey and Caguas, but as guests in an enemy's country, we showed no colors save the cavalry guidon. Our stalwart soldiers and massive horses caused ceaseless wonder to the natives, accustomed to men of small stature and nimble-footed little ponies.

#### Miles Was In Command.

Kansas City, Sept. 6.—The Evening Star contained another article yesterday relating to the Miles-Alger controversy. The writer said, in part: "The statement made last night from Washington that Major General Miles was not in command of the Santiago expedition up to the time it left Tampa is not borne out by the official records of the war department. These records prove that Miles not only conducted the preliminaries with General Garcia, but was then recognized by the war department as general commanding even of General Shafter's army."

The details of General Shafter's actual equipment and method of movement were naturally left to Shafter, but a general plan was devised by General Miles and directions were issued to General Shafter by him which, after leaving Tampa with the full knowledge that he was subject to orders from General Miles, and up to that time the war department recognized this state of affairs, which is provided for in the federal statutes, organizing the army of the United States.

#### Alger Wants Information.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Secretary Alger has sent the following order to Montauk Point: "The New York World of about the 25th ultimo published a statement of the death of Private Hugh Parrott of the Eleventh regular, in which it is charged that when he begged Dr. Motter to take him to the hospital, the doctor notified him that the hospital was for sick men, and it is reported that Parrott died that night. This account is sent me by Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, who says there is great indignation in his community over the case, and if it is as reported, there should be. I wish an inquiry immediately instituted to find out about this matter and report made to me. I understand one Sergeant Rich, of the same company or regiment, is under arrest for having complained of this matter. I have heard much of the neglect of the men, much of which is no doubt legitimate, but if there is any foundation for this statement, or if there are any men ill in the regulars in their tents that are not provided for, I wish to know the reason why and at once, also the names of the officers in command of the regiment and company in each case."

#### Chambliss Talked Too Much.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Ever since the printed reports of the sensational utterances of the naval chaplain, Joseph P. Motter, reached the navy department, the officials have been making a quiet inquiry into the accuracy of the newspaper publications. Apparently, the navy department has now satisfied itself that the chaplain really uttered the language ascribed to him, for it has ordered his trial by court-martial on charges to the prejudice of good order and discipline and unbecoming an officer.

#### Distress Among Cubans.

Washington, Sept. 6.—General Nunez of the Cuban army has returned to Washington, having been on an expedition which took supplies to the Cubans. He left this country before the war was closed, and landed at several points and delivered his supplies. General Nunez reports a great deal of distress among the Cubans, and says it will be still greater on account of the inability of the Cubans to forage and raid various places where they formerly obtained supplies. General Nunez says that one reason why the Spaniards are making it difficult to supply food to the Cubans is that they want to compel the latter to take provisions by force, and thus create disturbances and trouble and stir up strife between the Americans and Cubans, which will tend to discredit them. The Spaniards are willing food shall be given to their immediate people, but do not want it taken to the Cubans, says the general.

#### Shafter In Command.

Montauk, Sept. 6.—General Shafter came out of the detention camp yesterday somewhat improved in health. He said that Camp Wilkoff would be continued for sometime. Although many of the troops here will be sent away, the camp will be fitted with a barracks for the accommodation of several thousand men during inclement weather. Advances were received from the war department by General Wheeler that 4500 recruits were to be sent from southern posts to join the Fifth army corps at Montauk. General Wheeler has assumed command of the cavalry and General Young will perform executive duty about the camp.

#### Wants Troops Well Cared For.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The pitiable condition in which the Second and Ninth Massachusetts regiments have returned from their arduous and gallant service in Cuba has caused a profound sense of solicitude regarding the Sixth regiment, now in Porto Rico. In a message to the president, Governor Wolcott says: "My own heart is deeply concerned, and I am besought by personal letters and by the authorities of cities to ask for the prompt return and quarter out of this regiment. I have felt it my duty to decline to comply with this request so long as the national government requires their services. The splendid patriotism which prompted their voluntary enlistment will sustain them in any perils or hardships they may be called on to endure, but the lives of their sons are precious in the eyes of the commonwealth, as it is well assured that to whom the fortunes of our arms have been completely entrusted; and I have the honor to request that whether in camp, in garrison, or on transports these lives may be tenderly guarded by every precaution in clothing, food and medical attendance which science may suggest. To this end no effort can be too great and no expenditure too lavish."

#### Used a Soldier's Name In Swindling.

Washington, Sept. 6.—E. K. Valentine, formerly sergeant-at-arms of the senate, has written a letter to Secretary Alger, stating that sometime ago the relatives of a soldier belonging to the Second Nebraska regiment received a letter saying that the soldier was ill and in want at Chickamauga, and asking that money be sent to him. The money was sent, but no reply was received. A second instalment was sent by registered letter, to which the soldier replied, saying he did not understand why the money was sent and had received none previously. He said that he was well and had not been ill, and had not requested money. It is thought some swindler wrote the first letter.

#### Bryan's Regiment Must Serve.

Washington, Sept. 6.—No request has been received at the war department for the immediate muster out of Colonel Bryan's regiment, the Sixth Nebraska. It is also stated that if such a request were made it could not be complied with because the quota for Nebraska to be mustered out has been filled.

#### Declared a Draw.

New York, Sept. 6.—"Mysterious Billy" Smith and Andrew Walsh, both of this city, fought a 25-round draw before the Greater New York Athletic club yesterday, and it was one of the fastest and fights that have taken place in this vicinity since the Horton law came into operation. The men fought with one arm free, and soon had each other's ribs raw from the hard blows exchanged at close quarters. The men fought at 145 pounds. During a clinch in the first round they pounded each other on the ribs and wind until the referee pulled them apart. These tactics were repeated half a dozen times. The men clinched in the fourth round, and the referee tried to separate them, but Walsh hit Smith four times after being told to break, and was cautioned by the referee.

There was good fighting in the next few rounds. In the 10th round there was a hot rally, in which Smith had the better. A jump was raised on Walsh's eye in the 12th round, and Smith had Walsh changed in the succeeding rounds up to the 11th. In the latter round Smith accidentally hit the referee on the breast.

4.30.

#### ALLIANCE CONFIRMED

Anglo-German Union Announced as Sure.

London, Sept. 3.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says it has complete confirmation of the existence of an Anglo-German agreement, which is mainly commercial, but which serves as a basis for the adjustment of all differences regarding territorial questions in all parts of the world.

#### Parading Abdullah.

Carlo, Sept. 6.—Advices from Omdurman say that the Anglo-Egyptian cavalry which went in pursuit of Khalifa Abdullah, after the fall of Omdurman, abandoned the pursuit about 20 miles beyond the city. The horses were completely exhausted, having been ridden 18 hours, during 15 of which they had been engaged in fighting. The Khalifa has gone to Kordofan, to the southwest of Omdurman. General Kitchenr has organized an Arab camel squad to follow him.

#### Death Due to Accident.

Greenfield, Mass., Sept. 6.—The body of Cleon P. Baker of Melrose, N. H., was found beside the track of the Pittsburg railroad, near Charlestown station, yesterday. The medical examiner found death due to accident, but reported the facts to the district attorney. Baker had represented himself to be a deputy sheriff in pursuit of a criminal. The body was found half a mile below the station where Baker was to have taken the train, and how it got there is a mystery.

#### Y. M. C. A. Record Broken.

Melrose, Mass., Sept. 6.—The annual handicap athletic carnival, open to all Y. M. C. A. associations of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, was held Monday. The record for three standing broad jumps was broken by I. H. Joslin of Melrose with 34 feet, beating the record by 15 inches. The trophy for the best all around work was won by J. A. McDougall of Melrose with 18 points; C. W. Fanning of Boston was second with 13 and S. Maxwell of South third with 8.

#### Spentmost Killed Her.

Jersey City, Sept. 6.—James Ryan, 33 years of age, was overcome by the heat while sitting at the breakfast table yesterday morning. A doctor was called in to attend him, and while he was trying to restore Ryan to consciousness, Mrs. Ryan fell over dead from heart failure. She was 80 years of age. Ryan was removed to a hospital in a critical condition.

#### Failed to Make Return.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Because of a conviction that it would be unjust to impose a penalty of 50 percent upon persons liable for a special tax under the war revenue act, who failed to make a return, the internal revenue commissioner directs the collectors "In all cases where persons who had neither notice nor information that they are required to make return within the calendar month when their liability began, and who consequently failed to make such return, to report the facts in these cases in their next lists for assessment of the special tax without the 50 percent penalty, and to refer to this circular letter as their authority for doing so. This is not to be extended to cases hereafter arising. In each particular case of this kind therefore notice should be given that hereafter for default of failure to make such return without the excuse of a sickness or absence (the only excuse provided for in section 375), the 50 percent penalty must be assessed and collected. General notice hereof should also be given by collectors for the information of the public."

#### Swore in their names.

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.—Colonel Studebaker, in speaking of his troops which have just arrived home, said: "This is not the same regiment I took away from Indianapolis last May. The personality is the same, but it is made up of a different lot of men. They have fever in their bones; they are hungry and their strength is wasted. It is all due to the conditions in the south."

Fun rises—5.14; sets, 6.08.  
Moon rises—9.33 p. m.  
High water—3 a. m.; 3.15 p. m.  
Cooler temperatures are now gradually extending over the country, and it promises to be cooler Thursday. The weather Wednesday will probably be somewhat cloudy, but without rain, except possibly scattered sprinkles, followed by fair and more clear Thursday.

Martin Burroughs will be leading woman for Stuart Robinson.  
Audrey Bonaventure will play the role of Paul Blanchard in "The Hotel Topsy Turvy."

Eddie Fox has been engaged for the principal comedy part in "The Hotel Topsy Turvy."

Mr. Lorin J. Howard is negotiating with Mr. William Gillette to produce "Too Much Johnson."

Digby Bell will start his season with "The Hooded Doctor," but later will be seen in a new play.

George H. Broadhurst's first effort at a serious play, "The Last Chapter," will be produced in December in New York.

W. S. Peasey of "Charley's Aunt" fame is trying his new play, "A Little Ray of Sunshine," in the English provinces.

It is said that H. V. Esmond has made up his mind to abandon acting and devote all his energies to the business of play writing.

Sauer, Paderowski's rival, who is coming to this country, has a remarkable faculty for interpretation and is said to be very magnetic.  
Ellen Terry, after much hesitating, has consented to play Pauline in "The Lady of Lyons" in one of the new suburban theaters near London.  
The house of rest for musicians, provided and endowed by Signor Verdi at Milan, is nearly completed. It stands outside the Porta Nuova in the Piazza Michelangelo Buonaparte.  
Jane Harding is said to expect a great personal triumph in the part of Josephine in the play which has been written for her by Emile Bergerat. The part of Napoleon will be played by M. Desjardins.

## Fixings For Labor Day

ARE here in abundance and should you wish for comfort at home, or the height of fashion in business semi-dress or full dress we can be depended upon to look after your every want.

## New Fall Suits

ARE already on our counters and grey clay worsted blue serge and black worsted suits are selling freely. Fancy wools and cassimere suits are much in evidence and growing in popularity. You will find them all and at popular prices, \$8.50, \$10, \$12 and \$15. A few cheaper grades at \$5.00 and \$6.50 and better grades \$15 to \$25, make up an immense stock.

## New Fall Hats

FOR today include the Dunlap, Guyer, Cutting and Franklin derbys. Soft hats and caps in abundance and prices all way, on the popular level. Our Hobson crash at \$1.00 is a winner.

## C. H. CUTTING & CO.,

Wholesale-Retailers, Cutting Corner

## The Mizpah

The Best Woman's Shoe On Earth For \$3.00.

Up to date and combines style and comfort. Try a pair and you will wear no other. AT MURDOCK'S.

## The Wm. Martin Old Stand,

10 State Street.

## Patent Medicines.

Do you need anything in this line? We have not mentioned these of late, owing to the fact that other matters claimed our attention, but our stock is being constantly replenished, therefore always fresh, and our prices are as usual the lowest in the city. As the pioneer cut price druggist, we take pride in the title and every sale clinches our right to the same more firmly. If you want anything in this line, or in drugs, prescriptions and toilet articles, call on

## JOHN H. C. PRATT,

Pioneer Cut Price Druggist,

30 MAIN STREET, Opposite State Street.



Watch Repairing.

I am prepared to do anything in the line of Watch and Clock Repairing in a careful and reliable manner and at very reasonable prices. If your Watch is out of order, bring it to me and I will guarantee my work.

## High Grade Clothes Low Grade Prices.

For the next 30 days we shall sell all our fine imported and domestic suitings, overcoatings, and trousseurs at greatly reduced prices. We have an elegant line of Scotch and worsted fabrics suitable for business suits and everything made in black coatings for cutaway and frock suits.

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.  
Special Sale of Trousers at \$7.00 per pair.

## P. J. BOLAND,

Tailor and Furnisher, Boland Block

You can't get too much of a good thing.

IN OTHER WORDS

## Snyder & Co.'s Coal

Is a "good thing." How are you fixed the coming winter? We can give a good figure and assure you of clean dry coal if ordered at this season.

**W. G. SNYDER & CO.,**  
76 Centre Street





## Soldiers Visit Home—A Bicycle Accident—An Uncomfortable Ride—Cosmopolitan Club's Annual Clam Bake.

### SUCCESSFUL CLAM BAKE.

The Cosmopolitan club's annual clam bake was held Monday in Frank Pettis grove in the Hopper and was a thoroughly enjoyable event. The club was well represented and, including a number of invited guests, there were about 50 men in the party. Thomas McMahon took a four-hour load and others went with their own teams. The grove was reached at about 12 o'clock and the clam bake was in every particular all that the occasion called for. The grove is one of the pleasantest places ever visited by the club and most of the time was passed under the trees. The married and single men played a game of ball and the single men won. Various quiet amusements and sociability made the afternoon pass quickly and the party returned home about 6 o'clock pronouncing the outing the best of its kind in the history of the club.

### SOLDIERS VISIT HOME.

Patrick J. Dempsey and Norman Dale of the Second New York regiment arrived in town Monday morning on a 24 hours' furlough and returned to Sandlake today. Both are looking well and were heartily greeted by many friends. Dempsey still feels the effects of the injury to his hip which he sustained at Ferdinand. D. M. Wells, Jr., also a member of the Second regiment, came with Dempsey and Dale and spent the day at his home in North Adams. He is in good condition. The boys said the whole regiment would probably be out in a few days on a 30 days' furlough and that there is talk of sending the regiment later to Honolulu. William Miller, who went out in a Vermont regiment, is home on a 30 days' furlough. Harry Leonard of the Second New York was also in town Monday.

### AN UNCOMFORTABLE RIDE.

Some of the young people have been having considerable sport at the expense of two young couples who drove to the Idlewild a few nights ago with one horse and a two seater. They left for home in good season, but soon after they started their horse balked and the only way they could get him to go was to lead him. The young men took turns at this pleasing task and some time after midnight the party reached home in anything but an amiable mood. The experience was rather humiliating and whenever the party saw that they were to meet a team both young men would be on the ground pretending to fix the harness.

### A BICYCLE ACCIDENT.

A young man named Layard, who works for J. F. Pringle of Bee hill, took a bad header Monday morning. He had started on his wheel for Cheshire and as he was going down the hill by the Greylock his handle bar turned and he was thrown heavily. He was hurt on the wrist, hip and finger, though not seriously, and his wheel was badly wrecked. Mr. Layard took his bicycle to W. F. Williams' repair shop and after the Mr. Williams had acted the part of a surgeon and patched up his wounds he took the cars for Cheshire and left his wheel for the extensive repairs needed.

Miss Kate Meade of Boston, who is visiting relatives in North Adams, called Monday afternoon on friends in this town, where she formerly lived. Many North Adams people visited the town Monday, some coming merely for the pleasure of the trolley ride and returning on the same cars on which they came.

Most business places were closed Monday and the town was extremely quiet.

Good crops of rowen are being cut on some parts of Main street.

A street lamp has been set near the soldiers monument.

Quite a number of people went to Saratoga today to witness the great annual floral fête.

Professor Mear's family have returned from Bristol, Me.

Rev. and Mrs. Warren Morse are spending a few days in town with friends. Mr. Morse was formerly pastor of the White Oaks church.

Felix Wintermark of Boston has been spending several days in town with his family, who have been here all summer. A good number of people from this town visited the camp of the Second New York regiment at Sandlake Sunday. There was a very large number of visitors in camp that day from all quarters.

J. A. Cheever and R. C. Edwards went to the Hopper Saturday night on a con hunt. They were accompanied on the hunt by a son of Stephen Bacon and Peter Walton of South Williams-town. One good sized con was captured, more were driven into the rocks and the dogs got after a wildcat or lynx, but the animal got away. It is said that coons are very plentiful this fall and Mr. Cheever expects to have considerable sport with them, as he has a young dog which promises to make an excellent hunter.

F. H. Daniels is attending the annual encampment of the Grand Army in Cincinnati.

Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Wright of New Bedford are guests of Mrs. Sutherland of Hoxie avenue for a few days.

The Methodist people were greatly pleased Sunday with the fine appearance of their church, which was used for the first time since its renovation. Thorough work was done and good taste used and the results are very satisfactory.

A social will be held at the Methodist church Friday evening under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Stephen G. Barnes of Longmeadow are spending a few weeks in town as the guests of Dr. and Mrs. L. D. Woodbridge.

## The Easy Food Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only

DR. C. T. KINSMAN, Dentist.

Noyes block, Spring street, Williamstown.

DR. CHARLES D. TEFFT, Dentist.

Water, corner Main Street, William town, Mass.

## A Ton of Comfort

Goes with every ton of coal which leaves our yard. Our

## Pittston Coal

Is free from stone or slate and is economical.

## Frederick Mather, Agt

Office in D. W. Noyes' store, Spring Street, Williamstown.

awnings, took bricks off from chimneys and limbs off from trees. The heat and the storms of this season will be long remembered.

L. A. Hunt & Son's windmill is undergoing repairs.

Miss Winifred Mullen has returned from a visit to Albany and Saratoga.

Mrs. George Smith of Charitvville fell down stairs and was painfully though not seriously hurt. One wrist was severely lamed and she is still unable to use.

C. Randall, who works for Thomas McMahon, is on the sick list and under the care of Dr. Hull.

The high school has elected Harry Watson captain and Henry Belding manager of the foot ball team. Watson is a senior and Belding is a freshman. The candidates for the team have already gone into training. Locke, Watson, Prindle and Quinn will play the positions back of the line.

The senior class of the high school has chosen these officers: President, Stewart O. Sherman; vice-president, Miss Elizabeth Rose; secretary and treasurer, Nelson Dale.

State Inspector of Boilers McNeill of North Adams looked over the boiler and engine in the new high school Friday and he pronounced them very thorough and complete. State Inspector Merriam of North Adams examined the ventilating apparatus Saturday.

**BIBLE FACTS.**

A prisoner condemned to solitary confinement obtained a copy of the Bible and by three years' careful study obtained the following facts:

The Bible contains 3,586,489 letters, 773,692 words, 31,173 verses, 1,189 chapters and 66 books.

The word "and" occurs 46,277 times. The word "revere" occurs but once, which is in the ninth verse of the one hundred and eleventh psalm.

The middle verse is the eighth verse of the one hundred and eighteenth psalm.

The twenty-first verse of the seventh chapter of Ezra contains all the letters in the alphabet except the letter J.

The direct chapter to read is the twenty-sixth chapter of the Acts of the Apostles.

The nineteenth chapter of II Kings and the eighty-seventh chapter of Isaiah are alike.

The longest verse is the ninth verse of the eighth chapter of Esther.

The shortest verse is the thirty-fifth verse of the eleventh chapter of St. John.

The eighth, fifteenth, twenty-first and thirty-first verses of the one hundred and seventh psalm are alike.

Each verse of the one hundred and thirty-sixth psalm end alike.

The last word in the Bible is amen.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

## THE KINETOSCOPE.

About the only dark spot of war on the horizon now is the coming Bismarck memoirs.—Boston Herald.

Dewey or Schley should be detailed to present the American claims against Turkey.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Canada is beginning to notice that Uncle Sam's farm fence is not made of barbed wire after all.—Philadelphia Ledger.

It is all well enough to talk about stopping the bloodshed by declaring peace, but the football season will begin in a few weeks.—Cleveland Leader.

American diplomacy may have less influence and vanish in its composition than the European kind, but it seems to have considerably more steel and granite.—Boston Journal.

If the Sharkey comes over here this fall to capture the America's cup, she will doubtless clear from the Irish port of Kinsale and will be provided with Cork life preservers.—New York Tribune.

Spain will try a national lottery plan for replenishing its treasury. This is invariably the final resort of an oppressive government for fleecing the last dollar from its poverty stricken subjects.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**Don't Forget**

That I'm Still Selling

Pittston Coal

First Quality.

Orders taken at corner of Hall and Cole avenue.

**H. H. HERRICK,**

23 Hall St.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

## FOR NORTH ADAMS KNOWS

Her Citizens Know Value and Have Learned Where It Is.

Results accomplished cannot be doubted. The testimonials of remarkable cures of North Adams citizens by the use of California Catarrh Cure carry conviction of superior merit to every unprejudiced mind. California Catarrh Cure is a simple, mild, yet powerful medicine for application to the parts affected. No inflamed mucous membrane ever fails to be soothed and quickly cured. Of the thousands in North Adams who have been cured by using this great remedy, the majority began with doubts that catarrh, asthma, sore throat, colds, etc., could be cured. Not one who ever tried California Catarrh Cure was unconvinced after the first application. Note what another North Adams citizen says:

Mrs. L. C. Oakes, of Houghton street, North Adams, says: "California Catarrh Cure, which I got at Burlingame & Darby's drug store, has greatly relieved my headaches and helped me in every way. I can certainly recommend it as a very excellent remedy." It is sold by druggists generally; 50 cents, three times as much \$1.

## The Oasis of El Kantara.

With all the wild, fitful and forbidding nature that belongs to the Sahara, it has also its elements of peace and good will. The cheer of a green oasis is indeed one of its first greetings, and long before the great flat expanse of sand is reached the traveler approaching from the north looks down upon an island of emerald verdure. The oasis of El Kantara, the "first oasis" of the desert on the great caravan route leading to Lake Toba, backs up its sea of palms to the very walls of the great Atlas, and for into the gateway itself the feathered darts scatter themselves to meet the poplars from the north.

How different, then, is this first view of the Sahara from that which the mind had pictured! It was late in the afternoon of an early September day, with the thermometer steadily rising from perhaps 92 degrees to 98 degrees, that we approached this land of true Africa. The bare and rugged rocks roll off from either side of us, to mingle with the almost endless wildness of bowlders which cover the mountain top, far off to the limits of vision. We pass caravans and parts of caravans, the swarthy children of the south contemplating our passage with at least the interest with which we drink in their picturesque garb, and complacently meditating on the trains of yelping Arab curs and children galore. How different the two modes of travel, and what feelings must the contrast inspire within the minds of these poor toilers of the desert sands!—Popular Science Monthly.

**Poor Economy.**

The track superintendent of a western railway had recently adopted a new spike, which, comparatively speaking, was pretty expensive. He sent out word stating that the spikes must be carefully looked after.

One day the road boss was walking up the track to where a section gang was working with the new spikes. He found one lying between the rails and pocketed it.

"Did you get my instructions about those spikes, Mike?" he said to the section boss.

"I did that, yer honor, and it's mighty careful I've been."

"Lose any?"

"Nary a wan," replied Mike, but a trifle hesitatingly.

"How about this?" And the telltale spike was shown him.

"Look at that, now!" said Mike in a delighted way. "Shure I've had one of the m'n on a hunt for that same spike the last two days. Faith, it's glad I am yer honor found it!"

The spike was worth about 4 cents.—Detroit Tribune.

Stationers' hall, in London, where all books must be copyrighted, has at last prepared an index of titles, thus enabling authors to guard against involuntary infringement of others' rights and the consequent lawsuits.

Between Madagascar and the coast of India there are about 10,000 islands, only 600 of which are inhabited, but most of which are capable of supporting a population.

## No. 2.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. I, J. F. CHENEY, clerk of the court, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original of the same as the same appears from the records of the court.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1888.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

## A FEW POINTERS.

Recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Balsam of the Lung.

It is guaranteed to cure and to leave all cases. Price 25 and 50c. Sold by all druggists; ask for a free sample today.

## SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or raw shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## MANY PEOPLE CANNOT DRINK

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer today. Try it in place of coffee.

## HAVE YOU A SON, BROTHER

Hubbard or Lover in the Army or Navy? Mail him today a 25c. package of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. All who march, walk or stand need it. It cures aching, tired, sore, swollen, sweating feet, and makes hot or raw shoes feel easy. Feet don't blister, get sore or callous when Allen's Foot-Ease is used 10,000 testimonials. All druggists and shoe stores sell it. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## SHORT NEWS STORIES.

Schley Hears of Dewey's Victory—Alger Put Up His Watch—"Them Wheelers."

The Sun's tug kept on down with the fleet and approached the flagship of Admiral Schley. The admiral was on the quarter deck, with most of the officers on board. As the Sun's tug came near to toss aboard a bundle of papers containing the news since last Sunday, the reporter, speaking through a megaphone, presented the compliments of The Sun and said he would like to send aboard a package containing the news of the time that the fleet had been at sea. Admiral Schley at once came to the rail of the ship, and some one on board asked: "What is the news?"

"Dewey and Merritt have stormed Manila," the reporter replied, "and they captured it before the peace news reached them."

Instantly Admiral Schley was alert and most eager. He leaped far over the rope which stretched along the ship, and, placing his hands to his mouth to form a megaphone of his own, he asked: "Was anybody killed?"

"About 15 killed and 40 wounded in the army," was the reply.

"Any of Dewey's men killed or hurt?" was the admiral's next inquiry. "Not one," was the answer.

The admiral's eyes lit up and a gleam of nervous satisfaction was seen to pass over his face, and he raised his hands and shouted: "Dully!"

Then he politely raised his cap and personally expressed his thanks for the news and the newspapers.—New York Sun.

**Alger Put Up His Watch.**

When Secretary of War Alger married, he gave a draft upon a person who owed him money, and with the proceeds made his wedding trip. Upon his return the draft was tendered him unpaid. As he was among people who did not know him well he felt humiliated.



## "THIS WATCH WILL BE YOUR SECURITY."

to the heart, but he took off his watch and handed it to the holder of the draft, saying, "I do not know whether I will ever have enough to pay you, but this watch will be your security." The man took the watch and said, "Young fellow, you have said in you." He then plunged into the forest with his bride and began to cut lumber with desperation, and 19 years after the war he was governor of Michigan.

## "Them Wheelers."

A pretty story was told me by Lieutenant Wise of the Ninth United States Infantry. A corporal of his company lay sick at the hospital, near the quays and has been converted into a hospital. While the officer was talking with this soldier a woman nurse came by and bathed the sick man's face and hands and fed him milk. "Do you know who that is, corporal?" asked the lieutenant when the nurse had gone.

"No, I don't," was the answer, "but she's a perfect lady, she is. She's been awful good to us, and if ever I get a chance I'll show her how we appreciate it."

## "That's Miss Wheeler—General Wheeler's daughter."

"What? Our General Wheeler?" exclaimed the corporal, fairly startled into a sitting posture.

"Yes, our general—'Fighting Joe' Wheeler."

"Well, well!" the soldier exclaimed, dropping back upon his couch. "She's a brave and noble lady. And she's good blood, sir. That's a fine family, little Wheeler. God bless the brave little nurse!"—Cor. Springfield Republican.

## Mansfield and Zangwill.

When Richard Mansfield was in England recently, he had Israel Zangwill, the author, read a part of one of his plays to him. When the author had finished reading the first act, Mr. Mansfield declared that the play would not answer his purpose. Mr. Zangwill became indignant and declared that Mr. Mansfield had only heard the first act, and that he could not understand how he could have come to such a hasty conclusion as to its merits. Mr. Mansfield then asked Mr. Zangwill if he was aware that he had made a study of the stage and that he was competent to judge the merits of a play with all that experience. It was very near time that he did. Mr. Zangwill was most emphatic in saying that he did not think Mr. Mansfield was competent under such circumstances, to which Mr. Mansfield replied that Mr. Zangwill might see a thousand different pairs of shoes, but would find it very difficult to make one pair. The result was that Mr. Mansfield and Mr. Zangwill parted not in the pleasantest frame of mind.—Exchange.

There are between 15,000 and 20,000 European investors interested in the gold mines in British Columbia, and it is estimated that at least \$50,000,000 has been invested by them in the mines.

## Ocean and Earth.

A bucket 743 miles deep and 743 miles from side to side would hold every drop of the ocean. This bucket could rest quite firmly on the British isles. To fill the bucket one would need to work 10,000 steam pumps, each sucking up 1,000 tons of sea.

But to get rid of the earth would be 4,555 times more difficult, requiring 2,000 great guns, each firing 1,000 projectiles a second, each projectile consisting of 100,000 tons of earth. At the end of 1,000 years this mundane sphere would be all shot away.

Edith—Mrs. Maude appears to be a regular lunatic.

Bertha—Yes.

Edith—You know she used to say that her husband was the idol of her heart?

Bertha—I know.

Edith—Well, by her extravagance that idol is dead broke.—Boston Transcript.

## Rules the Home.

"What a delicate looking child Mrs. Rickard's!"

"Delicate? That's the child that bosses the whole family."—Chicago Record.

## Minute Sparkling

Gelatine

Purest, Best, Strongest.

Requires No Soaking.

DISSOLVES INSTANTLY IN HOT LIQUID.

Every package of Minute Gelatine contains four envelopes, the amount in each envelope makes one pint of jelly. Beware of imitations, there is but one Minute Gelatine, the genuine is made by

Whitman Grocery Co., Orange, Mass.

Also make of the celebrated Minute Tapioca.

Ask your Grocer for it.

Our little Booklet, over 100 Dainty Desserts (free) by mail for asking.

## THE "BUMS" WERE BULLS.

A Joke on the Telegrapher Who Mixed Up His Dashes.

The episode of the telegraph operator whose name was Rath, but which cognomen, owing to the loss of a telegraphic dot from the letter "h," was turned into "Rats," caused a refreshing memory among some of the local men of the key and sounder. One of these relates that he had a somewhat similar experience, only that the trouble in this instance rose out of dashes rather than dots.

"I was working in a yard office on the Baltimore and Ohio," he said, "and one night received a message for the yardmaster which read, as I copied it, 'Look out for two bums in car 55, 431, C. W. and B., and give them proper treatment.' The message was signed by the division superintendent, at the other end of the line, and we naturally supposed that the conductor had been complaining of the conductors and the order from headquarters meant that we were to yank the interlopers out, beat them half to death and throw them into jail. Tramps had been giving a great deal of trouble lately.

"Well, the train rolled in about midnight. We had the crew of a switching engine, the yard watchman, two constables and the car inspector, along with the yardmaster and myself, lined up to receive the unwelcome passengers. It was dark and foggy, and the lanterns gave scarcely any light, so that we had to do some reconnoitering to find the car. At last we located it, a single deck stock car, and the yardmaster yelled through the fog:

"Come on out of there! We've got you surrounded, and you can't get away!"

"The only reply was a contemptuous sniff and the sound of movement within the car. We could not see past our own lamps, so the yardmaster and the foreman of the switching crew decided to climb in from the trap opening in the roof, not wishing to break the seal on the door. The yardmaster went in first. He had a lantern, a hook and a pick handle in his hands, and as soon as he got in he called to the bums to surrender or he would beat their heads off. Instead they apparently—for we could only judge by ear—took to the far end of the car.

"Come on, Jake!" yelled the yardmaster. "We've got to make a fight of it!" So he threw the link in the direction of the bums.

"Then came the most unearthly sound I ever heard. It was like a moan and a roar, and I was certain the yardmaster had killed one of them; but suddenly another yell, this time from him, showed that there was life in the enemy yet.

"Ow! I'm murdered!" howled the yardmaster. He had been crashed against the side of the car like a tin toy. Falling, he was stopped on and rolled in the sawdust bedding and his lantern was knocked from his hand and fell, broken into fragments. The foreman was found by something mysterious and powerful and wallowing in the muck. We outside knew the fight must be a fearful one, for the planks of the car creaked and groaned as the struggles bore against them.

"I'll shoot!" called the watchman.

"Don't! Don't!" howled the yardmaster. "You'll kill us. These tramps are giants, and they're deaf and dumb. Ow!" this time from near the roof. "I'm being killed. I'm getting out of this!" And the next we heard of him he was on top of the car, whether the switchman had already preceded him.

"At this moment we heard a strange noise in the midst of us: 'Who's going to water and feed those two bulls?' I understood you'd be ready to take care of 'em here." It was the conductor. He had just come up and didn't know what was happening.

"Well, that was what was in the car—two bulls. You know the telegraphic letter 'b' is two dashes, while the telegraphic letter 't' is one longer dash. The 'double b' is a sort of amplified 'm.' And because the division superintendent had warned us to take care of these two bulls a pair of good railroad men had been nearly killed."—Chicago Record.

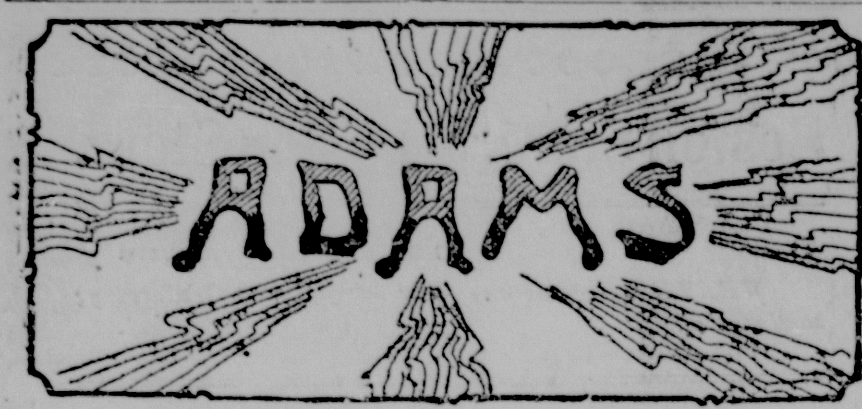
## Cheerful, Though Blind.

"Doesn't it seem strange that the average person afflicted with hopeless blindness would have a cheerful disposition?" remarked a philosophical citizen. "You'll generally find the blind good natured."

"Did it never occur to you that they're happier that way than they would be if they regained their sight?" asked his companion, a prominent physician. "Let me cite a case in point. Some years ago I was called in to prescribe for an extremely old woman who was suffering from a slight cataract. She was utterly blind and had been so for 40 years. I took a look at her eyes and immediately came to the conclusion that her sight could be restored. Her blindness had come upon her when she was about 20 years old, and at that time the science of ophthalmology was in its infancy.

"She was delighted at the prospect of regaining her vision and put herself under the





## MORE QUOT PLAYING.

The quota handicap at McMahon & McLaughlin's grounds was continued last Saturday afternoon. The first and second rounds were finished. H. McMahon 10, 15 and J. Scott 9; D. Carduff 6, 15 and H. Donahue 5; A. Allen 7, 15 and J. Ginnley 3; H. Schroder 4, 15 and T. Welch 13; D. McKeljohn 8, 15 and M. McMahon 10; second round G. Grand 6, 15 and D. McKeljohn 5; H. Schroder 4, 15 and H. McMahon 10; D. Carduff 6, 15 and G. McMahon 12; J. Neish 2, 15 and J. Malcolm 2, 12; A. Allen 7, 15 and D. McKeljohn 5; H. Schroder 4, 15 and H. McMahon 10. The final will be played next Saturday.

## McGRATH-SHEEHAN.

A pretty wedding took place at St. Thomas church this morning at 8 o'clock when Miss Bridget, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McGrath, was married to David Sheehan. The church was well filled with friends of the contracting parties. Miss Mary Ann Dwyer, New York, cousin of the bride, was bridesmaid and Edward McGrath, the bride's brother, was best man. The bride was attired in a light blue traveling dress and the bridesmaid was attired in a light blue silk. After the ceremony a reception was held at the bride's home off the east road. They received many handsome presents. After a short wedding tour they will reside in town.

## NEARLY ASPHYXIATED.

John Mason, nearly lost his life last Friday. He is an employee of Supt. C. A. Waters and acts as a foreman. Mr. Mason was laying a gas pipe on Spring street. Mr. Mason was in a trench about six feet deep, and was going to make a connection. Gas began to escape from an inch pipe and while at work Mr. Mason suddenly fell over unconscious. Other workmen carried him from the trench and Dr. Crowley revived the man. It is believed the intense heat also affected the man.

All the schools opened this morning after the long summer vacation. The corps of teachers was on hand Monday and a meeting was held in the high school. The superintendent provided and the work for the different teachers was pointed out to them.

Harlow P. Carr of this town won second prize, a gold watch chain in the novice race at Great Barrington Labor Day. It was his first try at racing and he made a very creditable showing.

A large number from here attended the field day in Great Barrington, Labor Day.

Miss Maud A. Waters, Christine Sayles and Gay Thayer and Fred Sawyer and Fred Simmons enjoyed a carriage drive to Windsor Hill Labor Day.

Miss Nora Martin and Miss Mary A. Powers attended the floral parade at Saratoga, N. Y. this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Carney went to Bridgewater Saturday with their daughter, Miss Madge, who will take a course in the Normal school there.

John Crowley of Palmer is visiting his brother, Dr. J. F. Crowley of this town.

Thomas Buckley, policeman at South Hadley Falls, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Philip Powers of Murray street.

A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bates of Hoosac street.

G. E. Simmons of Holyoke, formerly of this town spent Labor Day here.

Miss Emma Heffernan and Miss Nellie Whittle spent the past few days with friends on Spring street.

William Davis of Schenectady, N. Y., spent Labor Day here.

George Raymond of Schenectady, N. Y., has been visiting local friends.

Regular meeting of the Alert hose company this evening.

Meeting of the K. of C. this evening.

The regular meeting of the Renfrew Caledonian club will be held this evening.

E. F. Phillips, Jr., of Holyoke spent the past few days with his parents on Crandall street.

Miss Nellie P. Barrett of Pittsfield spent Labor Day in town.

Most of the local people attended the F. M. T. A. field day in Pittsfield, Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. E. I. Wilder and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hurd, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Wyman and Editor Chase and family of this town and Miss Bertha L. Clark of Berwick, Me., enjoyed a carriage drive to the east end of the Hoosac Tunnel Labor Day.

A daughter was born last week to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Foster of Enterprise street.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Akey of 6 Back Row last Saturday.

James McKenzie of Norwich, Conn., is visiting his mother on Dean street.

A pair of gold bow spectacles at Renfrew. Inquire of P. D. Powers.

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A bay horse, white hind feet. Inquire of James Soffele, East road.

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## The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$5 a year.  
WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

By the  
TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY.  
C. T. FAIRFIELD, Editor and Mgr.  
From  
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,  
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew.

### MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

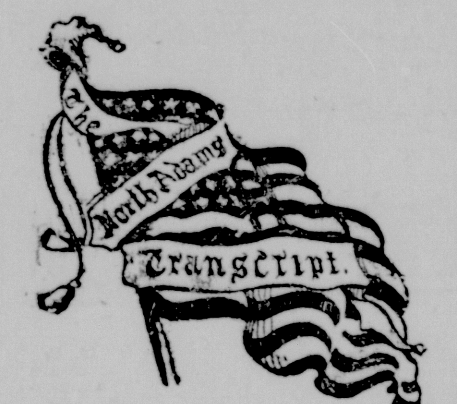
The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by The Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"  
From the seal of the city of North Adams

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 6, 1898

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

COMMUNICATIONS on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.



Stand by the Flag and President.

### TEACHERS AND PARENTS.

Once more the teacher assumes a prominent place in the life of a child. With the opening of school, another influence than that of home takes its place in the work of character building. It is well to call again to mind, at the very beginning, the need of a close union between the two, school and home, teacher and parent.

It is true that in this city there is a closer acquaintance between teachers and parents than in many larger places. But still this acquaintance is far from cordial enough in most cases, and in so far the school fails of accomplishing its best work. The teacher is at a disadvantage in the mind of the pupil if she is something entirely outside of the home life, a task master.

The beginning of school does not take away the responsibility of home, does not even lessen it. The parent does not divide responsibility for the child's welfare with the teacher, but shares it in what should be a close union of vital interests. The child's advancement is most rapid when this union is most clearly understood and acted upon.

The teacher and the mother, on whom most of the responsibilities rest, should be personally acquainted. The mother should visit the school, and by her experience and knowledge of the child's individuality help the teacher to more definite help in the pupil's study. The teacher should be invited into the home where the child may see her in an unconventional way, and learn once for all that "teacher" is not "enemy." By this, as well as by active interest in the child's lessons, the parent may increase the influence of the school for good, and the teacher be encouraged to more fruitful efforts.

### GOVERNOR WOLCOTT.

The position that Governor Wolcott should occupy in the opinion of a thoughtful citizen of the commonwealth is that expressed by President L. Clark Seelye of Smith college. President Seelye is one of those who objected most vigorously to the reappointment of Bank Commissioner Locke after the Warner affair, on which Northampton is bitterly opposing Governor Wolcott. But President Seelye is reported as saying that while he still believes Mr. Locke should not have been reappointed, he shall do all that he can for the governor's re-nomination, and if nominated, vote for him. "It is my opinion," says President Seelye, "that he has made one of the best governors the state has had. He has been led by no clique. He has not been mixed up with 'jobs' or involved in 'jobbery'; he has stood by his own convictions and acted independently many times in opposition to the counsels and wishes of his friends—as in the case of his veto of the Whitney bill. This was in opposition to his friends and in face of the wishes of the people of his social set and after much money had been spent to secure its passage. He has done much to remedy the hasty and costly acts of legislators. Mistakes he has made. There is no governor that does not. He might have expressed to the President his desire for home guards at the outset of the war in a more felicitous manner. And it seems to me that he made a great mistake in reappointing Mr. Locke."

If it were a fault to reappoint Mr. Locke, President Seelye realizes it, but is able to see Governor Wolcott's services in their entirety.

From now on it will be the man behind the ballot.

"When comes the mid September—"  
Yes, when will it?

Labor found no difficulty in living by the sweat of its brow on Labor Day.

The school season has opened. Poor little Cuban boy! The war has almost doubled what he needs to know.

France is now likely to acquit Dreyfus as hastily as he was convicted. France is strong on sympathetic judgments.

The Pittsfield Eagle comments on the withdrawal of Mr. Richmond from the county commissioner race as if two of the four corners had dropped out.

It was a great day in Pittsfield. That city is to be congratulated on the success shown in caring for a crowd which so nearly doubled its population.

Promise of increased business activity is bright, but last week's increase was not such as had been expected. Apparently, the weather still controls.

There is apparently much room for criticism on the care given our soldiers. But the critics should be careful not to charge up to incompetence those faults which come from inexperience.

The esteemed Republican from Springfield is encouraged by the signs of Democratic activity in Berkshire. It is only unfortunate that so much of the Democratic activity is not based on the principles of Democracy unless dissatisfaction at not holding office is a cardinal Democratic principle.

Congressman Lawrence yesterday accepted the invitation to attend the Pocumtuck Valley Memorial association's field day at Colrain next Thursday. The congressman shows an accommodating spirit and leads his presence very generously to these occasions, where the unfairer critic could not say there were political rewards to seek. Colrain has followed a good example and set one for other towns in marking historic spots with substantial stones and the dedication of them ought to be an interesting occasion.—Greenfield Gazette.

### MONDAY'S BALL GAMES.

Two Defeats For the Washingtons on the Boston Grounds.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The champions won both games Monday from the Washingtons, although the visitors had a fighting chance in the morning, losing through Collins' home run. The second game was a pitchers' contest, in which Nichols, as usual, showed up finely. Score of the afternoon game:

Boston.	AB	R	B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, C. F.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Long, S. S.	4	1	1	0	2	1
Lowe, 2 B.	4	1	1	2	2	1
Collins, 3 B.	2	1	1	0	3	0
Bergen, C.	4	2	0	7	0	0
Duffy, I. F.	4	0	0	5	2	0
Smith, 2 B.	4	1	1	1	0	2
Stahl, F.	3	1	2	1	0	0
Hickman, 1 B.	4	0	2	11	0	1
Nichols, P.	4	0	0	0	4	0

Totals.....34 8 27 13 2

Washingtons. AB R B PO A E  
Mercer, C. F. 4 0 2 0 0 0  
Gettman, R. F. 1 0 0 0 0 0  
Donovan, R. F. 3 0 0 1 0 0  
Reitz, 2 B. 3 1 0 2 4 0  
McGuire, C. 4 0 0 5 2 0  
Smith, 2 B. 4 1 1 1 0 2  
Farrell, C. 4 0 1 6 1 1  
Anderson, I. F. 4 0 1 2 0 0  
Wright, S. S. 4 0 0 7 1 1  
Weyhing, P. 3 0 1 0 3 0

Totals.....34 2 24 11 5

Boston.....0 1 0 1 3 1 0 0  
Earned runs—Boston, 2; Washingtons, 0. 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2  
Hits—Stahl, Lowe, Collins, 2; Hamilton, 1; Duffy, 1; Smith, 2; Bergen, 3; Long, 1; Nichols, 1. Struck out—By Nichols, 8; by Weyhing, 2. Double plays—Duffy and Lowe; Reitz and Smith. Time—1:57. Umpire—Hunt and Connolly.

The New Yorks defeated the Brooklyn in the morning yesterday by timely hitting in the third and eighth innings. The Brooklyn scored on errors by Joyce. The afternoon game was practically a walkover for the Brooklyn. Meekins' curves were hit hard.

The Chicagoes won the morning game from the Pittsburghs by well placed hits at the right time. In the afternoon they made their 19th double play, but were unable to hit Hart and gave Thornorton ragged support.

The Providence and the Buffaloes broke even on the games yesterday. The first lasted 10 innings, and Sam Wile batted out a three-bagger and sent in the second run which won the game for the New York club. The second game was a hot contest, and in the midst of a wrangle, Garry was ordered out of the game and put off the grounds. A battle streak and during baserunning in the seventh won it for the Providence.

The first game in Cincinnati required 14 innings, and the Cleveland won. Hawley outpitched Cuppy in the second game, which was called at the end of the fifth on account of darkness, with the score 1 to 0 in favor of the Cincinnati club.

The Baltimorees snatched a victory from the Phillies in the morning game by bunting five hits in the ninth and tenth innings. The afternoon game was one of the most exciting played in Philadelphia this season. The Phillies won on a combination of misplays and a batting streak.

### NEWS IN BRIEF.

The converted yacht, Cyrene, after colliding with a British steamer in Hampton roads, was beached to prevent her from foundering.

The United States consul at Kobe, Japan, has caused the arrest of Seamen Brady and Hine on suspicion that they set fire to the American ship, Baring Bros.

The corporation of Dublin has elected as swordbearer James Egan of New York, who was recently released from prison after 15 years penal servitude for arson felony.

A cable message from the European Union of Astronomers announces the discovery of a minor planet with a remarkable orbit, which overlaps, to some extent, that of Mars.

**Hood's Pills**  
Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organs in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## MISSED FOG WHISTLE.

Boston Steamer Runs Aground at Point Judith.

Was Carrying Sick Soldiers From Montauk.

Most of Them Conveyed to Newport on an Exposed Lighter.

Newport, Sept. 6.—The Lewiston, chartered by the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid association, with nearly 200 sick soldiers on board, bound from Montauk Point to Boston, ran ashore near Point Judith last night and narrowly escaped being wrecked. One hundred and thirty-five of the men were placed in a lighter, which fortunately was in the breakwater, and brought to this city by a tug, landing at about midnight. The sick soldiers were in such an exposed place on the bare deck of the lighter during the trip of 15 miles across the bay that a number of them are not expected to survive.

The Lewiston left Montauk Point Monday morning with as many Massachusetts soldiers on board as she could carry. Her captain ran across the sound to New London, where a large quantity of fresh milk was obtained, and then early in the afternoon she started for Boston. A heavy fog set in while the steamer was off Watch Hill, and she proceeded slowly along the shore, blowing her whistle frequently and getting replies from many of the fog stations. By some means her captain missed the fog whistle on Point Judith, and about 9 o'clock last night she brought up on shore.

Fortunately the tug, John T. Gaynor, was behind the breakwater at Point Judith at the time with a small lighter, and after her captain had been notified of the accident he immediately towed the barge along side of the steamer. It was also fortunate that there was little sea on at the time the steamer went ashore so that the work of transferring the men was carried on with comparatively little danger of any being lost by drowning. In the course of half an hour 136 poor, weak, fever-stricken soldiers, some utterly unable to stand, were taken from their bunks and cots, wrapped in blankets and placed upon the exposed deck of the lighter. A few of the very sick, and only a few, were accommodated in the tiny cabin of the tug. When the deck of the lighter was crowded with the shivering men so that no more could be taken aboard, the tug started for Newport, the nearest harbor, with the lighter of sick freight on board. It was a long and terrible sail across the bay and up the harbor to the wharf here, not that the wind was high or the sea rough, but the fog penetrated very quickly the scant clothing of the men, and it was not long before everyone was quaking with the cold.

Dr. Shea, of Boston, who was one of the physicians that went round with the Lewiston, came up on the lighter, and with one or two other physicians and nurses did everything possible to alleviate their sufferings.

The tug steamed into the harbor shortly after midnight and ran up to the Fall River line wharf, where one of the crew was landed and the police of the city were notified. Within a remarkably short time the entire force was at the wharf with every ambulance in the city, and a large corps of physicians was on hand to assist the helpless ones. The New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad officials were also notified, and within an hour or two a special train was made up to carry the men to Boston.

In the meantime the greater portion of the city had been aroused and large quantities of blankets, mattresses and other bedding, based overcoats, had been taken to the wharf. Hot coffee, warm milk and everything that would warm the chilled soldiers were also brought down to the wharf, and every possible effort was made to make the soldiers comfortable. As soon as the Gaynor had landed the men and taken aboard a fresh supply of blankets and provisions she started off again with her lighter for the wreck, on which there had been left 50 or more who were unable to find room on the lighter.

Father Cummings, of Boston, who came with the tug, spoke in praise of the bravery of the captain of the steamer. "He did everything possible for the comfort of the unfortunate men," said he, "and personally assisted nearly everyone on reaching the lighter."

**The Radical Populists.**  
Cincinnati, Sept. 6.—The afternoon session of the radical Populists' gathering yesterday disclosed many differences among the middle-of-the-roads. They were united on the subject of such a permanent reorganization as to prevent fusion or desertion hereafter and on an independent ticket for 1900, but there were wide differences as to how to prevent "fusion and desertions," and how to name the candidates. Most of those present are self-constituted delegates, or at least unable to show the usual credentials, and there is another class claiming the right to vote by proxies. As there are only two or three present from some states, the question of proxies is one on which the control of the convention hinges, and it was pending when the convention adjourned until today.

**Series of Fatalities.**  
London, Sept. 6.—There has been a series of fatalities in the Austrian Alps. The case of a newly married couple was particularly sad. The bride lost her footing and fell; the rope broke and she went to destruction. The husband deliberately threw himself after her and was killed. A gentleman who visited the spot lost his balance and fell, being killed instantly.

Rear Admiral Samson, Major General James F. Wade, Major General Matthew C. Duncan, and Lieutenant General John W. Cloud, members of the Cuban campaign, left New York yesterday on the Resolute. Each commissioner had a number of aides and secretaries.

Twenty-six deaths and 40 prostrations were recorded in the borough of Manhattan and Bronx up to midnight. In Brooklyn there were seven deaths and 14 prostrations. On Staten Island there were two deaths and five prostrations. In Jersey City there were three deaths and seven prostrations.

There have been several labor strikes in Manila, the demand being for excessive wages. Because the American authorities, in the early exigencies of the situation there, agreed to the extravagant demands of the laborers, it has been difficult to return to an equitable basis. One of these strikes caused the suspension of traffic on the tramways of Manila for three days.

### COMPLAINT OF DROUGHT.

Maine the Only State Where It Affects Agricultural Pursuits.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The weather the past week was very warm and sultry, with, however, more sunshine and less moisture than during the preceding week. The general conditions have favored agricultural pursuits, and farm industries have progressed accordingly. Advances have been taken of these conditions to finish the harvesting of over-ripe grain, securing the second crop of hay, cutting tobacco and to further general work, which lagged during the wet weather. The precipitation was by far the lightest for several weeks, yet the only complaint of drought is from Maine, where wells and springs are failing, streams running low, and pastures and meadows drying.

Good weather has favored the harvesting of grain, which has advanced rapidly, with the end in view. The securing of buckwheat is at its height. The crop is reported as good, and in many sections large reports are unanimous in favor of a large corn crop. Sweet corn is being canned in large quantities, and the field variety is being picked and the stalks cut, especially in southern sections. Fall ploughing and seeding are in progress. At Hawleyville, Conn., re-seeding will be required, due to dry weather in June. The present conditions presage successful operations in fall farming.

Much grass, mostly second crop, has been secured during the week. Rowen is unusually large. In many sections almost equal to the first crop. Hungarian grass is also good and secured in good condition.

Apples continue to improve in color and quality. In scattered sections the yield will be large, though the crop will average very light. Pears, plums, peaches and grapes are uneven in quality and quantity. The weather has improved cranberries, though less than an average crop is indicated. Dr. Fischer of Fitchburg reports fruit ripening seven days later than the average for 42 years and two days later than in 1897.

While there is more or less complaint of rot and rust in potatoes, the crop will be fully up to the average. Digging is in progress in many sections. Garden vegetables continue abundant, but tomatoes fail to ripen properly in many fields. In the southern states celery is nearly ready for the market. Beans, onions and vines are generally satisfactory.

Tobacco is probably three-fourths harvested and in good condition. Correspondents at Leeds, Mass., state that the crop is as good as ever grown in that vicinity. In the neighborhood of West Simsbury, Conn., the crop is the best for eight years.

The sacred congregation of the Roman Catholic church has placed in the index expurgatorius a book entitled "Monks and Their Decline," written by Father Zurcher of Buffalo.

General Zurlinden, military governor of Paris, has accepted the ministry of war, in succession to Mr. Cavaignac, resigned. General Zurlinden was a member of the Ribot cabinet, which went out of office Oct. 28, 1895.

There is a strong feeling for the United States among the Chinese on the Hawaiian islands, especially in the higher class, and they look to the new government to give them all the privileges enjoyed under the old regime.

A dispatch from Barcelona says the local gendarmerie surprised and arrested an armed band of 37 men, and that another band has appeared near Hospitalet, four miles southwest of Barcelona. Troops have been sent in pursuit.

Last night a stock train ran into an open switch in South Washington. The train was derailed, the engine overturned and several cars were wrecked. Fred Friedman, fireman, and Brakeman Cooper were killed. Engineer Harman was scalded and otherwise injured.

### Is It Curable.

Is a strained joint curable? Is local inflammation curable? Of course, if properly treated. So is piles.

People become afflicted with piles and ask some old "chronic" who has always persisted in the wrong treatment and naturally he discourages them by telling that their case is hopeless.

They in turn discourage others, and thus a disease that can in every case be cured by careful and skillful handling is allowed to sap the energy of thousands who might free themselves of the trouble in a few days.

Pyramid Pile Cure will cure the most aggravated case of hemorrhoids in an astonishing short time. It relieves the congested parts, reduces the tumors instantly no matter how large, allays the inflammation and stops the aching and itching at once.

Thousands who have resorted to expensive surgical treatment have been cured by the Pyramid Pile Cure—in a number of instances persons who had spent months in a hospital under a pile specialist.

It is a remedy that none need fear to apply even to the most aggravated, swollen and inflamed hemorrhoidal tumors.

If you are afflicted with this stubborn disease you can master it and master it quickly.

This remedy is no longer an experiment, but a medical certainty. It is manufactured by the Pyramid Pile Co. of Marshall, Mich.

Druggists sell it at 50 cents per box. It is becoming the most popular pile cure the country has ever known and druggists everywhere are ordering it for their customers.

\*E. H. Chase & Co's pure barley malt whiskey is recommended by physicians for household and medicinal uses. M. M. Welch & Co. and all druggists.

If you want something especially fine in.....

Cut Glass

.....OR

Sterling Silver

.....FOR

Wedding Gifts.

GO TO

**HIGLEY**  
WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN  
The recognized headquarters for fine repairing.

## Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin: the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough. Write to the Doctor.

Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. Tell us what your experience has been with our Cherry Pectoral. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

### ...Opening...

## New Millinery Parlors.

On September 15, I shall open new millinery parlors at my home.

Cor. River and N. Holden Sts.  
With a choice line of MILLINERY NOVELTIES, which I shall be pleased to offer to my old and new customers' inspection. An early call is solicited.

Margaret L. McConnell.

## COLUMBIA THEATRE.

ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing.....

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

With matinees Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,

THE.....

Brosnahan-Jackson  
Comedy Company  
Military Band and  
Operatic Orchestra

In a repertoire of refined comedies and dramas.

Special Labor day matinee Monday at 2.30 p. m. Admission 10, 20 and 30 cents.

Night Prices 10, 20, 30 cts.  
Seats now on sale at Bartlett's Drug Store

WILSON OPERA HOUSE.  
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8th.

Smyth & Rice's Comedians  
presenting : : : : :

## My Friend From India.

By H. A. DuSouchet.

The funniest piece ever written. Duplicating its former success with the inimitable comedian

WALTER E. PERKINS

in the title role, as played by him 150 nights in New York.

"The Great Mirror Scene."

"I Want My Clothes."

"I Wish Somebody Would Lend Me a Quarter."

Prices 35, 50, 75c, \$1.

Seats on sale at Wilson House Drug Store Tuesday at 9 a. m.

Established 1835.

Geo. F. Miller,  
General Insurance.

Room 3, Burlington Bldg., North Adams. This agency is the oldest, largest and strongest in Western Massachusetts, representing 40 leading Foreign and American companies.

## Boston Store. Boston Store.

NORTH ADAMS, SEPT. 6, 1898

WEATHER—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; southwest winds.

### Grand Winding Up of

## SUMMER DRY GOODS

Today and for the rest of this week we intend to clean up everything in the way of hot weather Dry Goods. Goods will be priced that will effect a speedy clearance. It is not our policy to carry over one dollar's worth of goods from one season to another, so in some things the knife will go in pretty deep. Fresh goods and low prices is what we intend giving our customers, and rest assured this rule will be strictly adhered to. Today's items may interest you.

350 yards of Dimities, Lawns, Linens, &c., now 3c yard.	All our Shirt Waists that sold for \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, now 45c.
500 yards Dotted Swiss Muslins, Organdies, &c., now 5c yard.	Ladies' Vests, V and square neck, 12 1-2c, 15c, 17c and 19c goods, now 9c.
Best Percales, in light colors mostly, now 8 1-3c yard.	

### INSPECT OUR LINEN VALUES.

## BOSTON STORE

Blackinton Block.

## Playtime Is Past.

School begins in a very few days and the sun-browned rompers will again take up other studies. How well we are provided for their wants in proper apparel a visit to our Boys' Clothing Department alone will tell, for we cannot. The task is too heavy, the styles too varied, the values too great. Where words will not convey a correct idea of this matchless stock of BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS they are here, from the cheapest that's good and strong to the finest any mother could wish for, and at prices that are calculated to please the most economical parents.

\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

Our stock of Boys' Odd Knee Pants, Boys' Waists and Boys' Caps. Would pay you to examine.

## Lonergan & Bissailon

Clothiers. 72 Main Street.

**\$5.00 for \$3.00**

Is a first class investment.

Well, that's just we are giving—a \$5.00 shoe for \$3.00. We are making this sacrifice to sell the goods because we want the room they occupy for our NEW FALL STOCK which is now coming in. But it's a chance for you to secure bargains.

## The Ray Shoe Co.

Eagle Street.

Have you been waiting for a light opportunity?

Here is the best and grandest of the year.











# The Ways of Womankind

## BAB FULGIZES THE SOUTHERN WOMAN.

(Copyright, 1895.)

Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs.

After the war of 1812 there used to come here, in regular troops, children, "grown ups" and colored servants. Then came the war that devastated the south and made it, like a phoenix, to rise again from its ashes, and for awhile, when the ashes were still warm, this old-fashioned place had few visitors. But you time was to come. There were too many memories about it for it to be neglected.

Life seems one great round of love-making. These Springs were never meant for fast matrons or elderly spinners, but they were dedicated to the beauty of youth, and it is supreme. The position of the mother of the average family here is that of looking after her chickens, big and little, seeing that mamma's sash is tied or seeing that some cousin has been brought along because her own mother is an invalid who cannot endure life at the White Sulphur. In short, it is the position of a matronly hen over a very lively brood. If there is one dominant industry in the south, one would have to admit—that is, if one wished to be honest—that it is the "matron" one, for the average southern family has from four to 14 children. At a wedding given near this place not so very long ago the great desire of the bride was to keep an old darky, commonly called "Aunt Lizzy," as far from her as possible, since it was believed that she possessed the mystic power, known as "the laying on of hands," which insured to the happy couple a handsome, healthy pair of twins before the year was over.

Girls used to buy Aunt Lizzy Howard to stay away, but she was inclined to be something of a well, she was inclined to tell what wasn't quite true. So she would accept the present and then appear at the wedding and stand, shoulderlike, at the door, ready to put her horrible black fingers, long and mystical looking, upon the white gown or veil of the unfortunate bride. Every southern girl for miles around knows about her, and every one of them dreads her. Not that they don't want to have a tribe of children—that seems to be their greatest happiness—but as a young matron put it to me, "If Aunt Lizzy Howard does manage to 'hoodoo' you, it is not so much yourself that you care about, but for some reason the gentlemen seem to be gayed a little bit about twins, and yet why should they?"

"Just look at the doctor that attended gallant and religious Stoneval Jackson! Why, he had two or three sets of twins! And then think of poor General Hood with numerous pairs of twins! I do believe they were beautiful. I can't remember, but mamma says that when the Hood babies all came out with their mamma everybody used to laugh and say, 'There goes Hood's battalion.' But you know we southerners like babies mightily, and I never can think that a house is really well furnished unless there are plenty of little folks and two or three well bred dogs."

There is always at the White Sulphur one girl who is the belle. While there may be hundreds of pretty girls, still there is one each season who is triumphant, and to have been the belle at the White Sulphur and not to be engaged at its end and counted as a matron during the next means that the beauty was a failure. The present one comes from close to the line that divides the north from the south. She is dressed simply, for the best reason in the world. Her people have very little money to spend, and she has been brought here by a rich cousin. She fixes over her head, and when one or two more handsomely dressed girls have pitted or scoffed at her she always says with a laugh: "Oh, I don't mind it as long as I look nice, and it is quite fun fixing over your things. You never know how they are going to turn out."

The white muslin dress is washed, fresh ribbons put on it, and the girl dances not only all through the night, but half the morning and the greater part of the afternoon, for at the Old White everybody dances. I sometimes think that is one reason why southern children are so graceful. Take off for the summer, an awkward boy will be hauled in to fill up a square dance, and before he knows anything about anything he is getting compliments all around, and the prettiest girl there is saying to him, "Why, Tommy, I didn't know you could dance so well!" And tomorrow morning Tommy has the courage to ask some one to dance with him, and soon his awkwardness goes away, while a happy mother says to Tom's mother, "Why, Mrs. Gordon, your Tom is getting to be a real man," and Tom's mother smiles and looks lovingly at the author of Tom's being and says, "Well, he certainly don't get his good manners and his fine dancing from strangers," and the little list is made much of, and so life goes on in a very innocent manner.

The belle of the ball is saying, "But I don't think our men would like it." The two soft brown eyes are looking up into yours, and these words are coming from two rosy, red lips. She is giving you her opinion as to what "our men like." From her youth on her, but also from her youth up she has been trained to give the pretty little "Thank you," the affectionate nod, the caressing word that is so delightful to the heart of man and

of tobacco kings or railroad capitalists. The soft southern speech and the pretty southern gallantry are infectious, and hard hearted, cross grained brokers find themselves saying polite nothings and making awkward but well meant bows to whomever may have attracted their attention. A northern man is as wax in the hands of a southern woman.

Undoubtedly in the south the feminine element is the stronger, and in the hands of its women lies salvation. But to return to what's going on here.

To those interested it may be stated that, if anything, the juleps are slightly sweeter and the whisky used in them has a more oily taste. I mean this in a complimentary sense, for the whisky that rasps the throat is not conducive to the joy of a julep. A julep must go down one's throat in a slow sort of toboggan fashion, and all the while you are smelling the spicy flavor of the mint and wondering who first discovered it, or, having found it, combined whisky, mint and sugar, gave it this title and made it one of the great seductions of the south. You may go about declaring you do not like it, you may say you have an English preference for brandy and soda, for the champagne cup that seems to touch you in a fascinating way, but once your foot is on the native heath of the southern girl you meekly bow down to the julep.

Next to the julep comes the consump-

was telling of a supper that is counted among the archives of the Springs. At it was a large party, and the rivals were opposite each other. Miss Triplett was asked to give a toast. She declined. Then somebody smiled at Mattie Ould where she was standing, looking like a picture, holding her glass triumphantly in the air, and, making a graceful bow to the other girl, she said: "Here's to youth, beauty and health. Ured's this makes a triplet." And many stories are told of this one and that one, and the voice of the little beauty sinks as the whispers of the beautiful place where Mattie Ould sleeps, of the grave covered with daisies and how on the day of her funeral, when all Richmond that couldn't drive walked to see their pride, their beauty, laid away forever, instead of a hymn four gentlemen sang her favorite song, "Under the Daisies," and sleeping near was the little baby whose life, lasting only a few minutes, had been her death.

Then there was a silence, and in the quietness that comes over me as it does over them I understand why the women of the south are popular with men. It is because they are always affectionate. They never lose an opportunity to give a kiss, to pay a compliment or to do a something that will please the man that rules their hearts.

It is because they never talk scandal, a pleasant gossip being enough for

## HANDSOME WOMEN OF HAWAIIAN ISLES.

(Copyright, 1895.)

The original Mother Eve could scarcely have been lovelier than some of the Eves who inhabit what admirers are wont to call the Eden of the Pacific. Tawny of skin, with great, lustrous dark eyes and fine, glossy tresses of black, they are fair to look upon, nor does their beauty fade early, as is often the case with women who live in nature favored climes. The grace of figure and beauty of face of these fair daughters of the south Pacific are equalled by their sprightliness of wit and quickness of comprehension. They are passed mistresses of all the athletic arts, fearless swimmers, dashing equestrians, skilled fishermen—in fact, veritable modern Dianas.

It was in the year 1778 that Captain Cook on his famous voyage around the

and lives in one of the towns, there are servants to wait upon them, and if they live in primitive fashion in one of the thatched cottages of the interior the head of the household does all the work, which consists of little more than going out and cutting a few bananas or yams or custard pears, or digging up some taro root to make the national dish, poi, or chasing a pig or wild fowl through the forest on fast days, or lying for hours beside some fern shaded stream angling for fish. Life is idyllic in those far islands of the Pacific, and had Tennyson known Hawaii he probably would never have written those world weary lines, "Better fifty years of Europe than a cycle of Cathay."

Among the simpler classes in Hawaii—that is, the country people of the interior—there is no heartache over a lack of up to date millinery or frocks, for, clapping a palm or a banana leaf upon her head and gracefully donning a short Mother Hubbard or per chance a gayly woven mat, the Hawaiian lady is quite in the south sea mode.

There are very few of the natives of the Sandwich Islands who do not know how to read and write, and as a consequence the women as a class are educated to a greater degree than in many communities that have had the advantage of civilization for hundreds of years. The white women who have come into Hawaii—the missionaries, wives and sisters of the Americans or Englishmen, whose capital is helping to develop the country—have set an example to the natives which they are not slow to follow. The children, too, in the kindergartens and the public schools are being rapidly Anglicized.

The half caste population, families in which the head of the house is a Portuguese, Chinese or Japanese and the wife a native woman, receives greater respect than is accorded the same class anywhere else in the world.

There is the family of the Chinese Vanderbilt, for instance, that of Ah Fong, whose 13 daughters are said to be the belles of Honolulu and have long been the toast of naval officers whose ships lingered in Honolulu bay. The lovely slant eyed Misses Ah Fong are said to be very well educated, clever and of excellent taste. Those of the 13 now married have bestowed their hands and hearts and shares of Ah Fong's fortune upon appreciative Caucasians.

Many of the native Hawaiian women are quite well endowed with land, and this has of course won them the fortune hunters from other lands, who have gone to Hawaii to take up rice or sugar planting. Marrying a Hawaiian lady is of course cheaper than buying a plantation.

Possibly nothing will give a better idea of the character of the Hawaiian women than the story of that splendid seamstress, Princess Kapiolani, who visited this country in 1887. Like all Hawaiians, she believed that the crater of Mount Kilauea was inhabited by the terrible goddess Pele, who, whenever she was angry or offended, poured forth a storm of fire and lava upon the land.

Being convinced that Pele was a humbug and in order to prove it to her people and perhaps chase away any lingering doubts of her own, she announced that on a certain day she would ascend the mountain with her attendants and challenge the goddess in the name of Jehovah, the Christian God, to do her worst.

As they climbed the mountain side one of the priestesses of Pele, who lived on the mountain, came out to urge her to give up her project. Princess Kapiolani merely laughed at the old woman and went on. When they reached the brink of the crater, looking down into the horrible pit with its seething lava and flames, she invoked the goddess:

"These fires were kindled by Jehovah," said she. "He alone is God, and Pele is naught. I trust in Jehovah, and he will preserve me. Let Pele pour forth fire and stone and lava as her answer." Kapiolani cast stones and other rubbish into the sacred crater, and, breaking off a cluster of the mountain berries sacred to the goddess, she deliberately ate them in the presence of the priestesses of Pele and her suit. She also broke off the long, fine threads of lava that hung over the rocks upon the mountain side and which were known as Pele's hair.

There was no desecration which she could think of which she did not offer the ancient goddess of the mountain, but the voice of the volcano was still. For days after the faithful waited, expecting Pele to make reply, but she never resented the affront, and with one accord the Hawaiians shouted: "Hail! Since then Christianity has flourished in the island."

In their homes the Hawaiian people are simple and hospitable. The better classes have an ideal life, being deeply devoted to one another. Picturesque and perhaps a trifle emotional, they add to the rather deliberate practical character of the Americans qualities which may serve to round out and soften some of the more rigid national traits.

It may not be generally known, but in Hawaii men greatly exceed women in number, so that spinsters have a delightful range of choice even though they remain single until well on toward the "fair, fat and forty" stage.

ETHEL KNOX.

## ETIQUETTE OF A COURT BALL.

Buckingham palace, London, is admirably adapted for the giving of state balls, and many historic entertainments of the kind have taken place in the splendid suit of rooms which overlook St. James' park on the one hand and the beautiful gardens of the palace on the other. Some people are under the erroneous impression that every lady presents at court has a right to an invitation for one of the two state balls which are given each season. This is quite a mistake, and the fact is that, although certain officials and their families are invited as a matter of course to each state ball, the invitations are not issued according to any strict rule.

One of the most interesting apartments in Buckingham palace are closed on the occasion of the state ball. Among them is the small Chinese dining room, every article in which was once in the summer palace at Peking. The walls are covered with Chinese pictures, and from the painted ceiling hangs a wonderful chandelier in the form of a bunch of tulips. This apartment was brought from the pavilion at Brighton and may certainly take rank among the curiosities of furnishing.

Before each state ball several volumes of plate are brought up from Windsor to Buckingham palace, but the staff of servants kept in London is quite able to cope with the refreshments, the more so that all the fruit and vegetables are supplied from the gardens at Windsor. One great feature of the Buckingham palace buffet is a certain kind of hock or Moselle cup, made from a very old German recipe and from specially selected wines.

The etiquette of a state ball is somewhat peculiar. The guests are not introduced, and there is no official reception. The dancing does not begin until the arrival of the royal party. Court trains are not worn at state balls. On the other hand, gentlemen are expected to appear in uniform or court dress.

Court dress is either of cloth or black velvet. If of cloth, the color chosen is generally dark blue, claret or brown. It consists of a dress coat, trousers finished off with a narrow gold stripe down the side, a white waistcoat, a cocked hat and a sword. A black velvet court dress is by far the most becoming. When a dress coat and knee breeches are worn, silk stockings, low shoes with silver buckles, a cocked hat and sword complete the costume. The court dress of a clergyman is very unbecoming, for it consists of a black silk Geneva gown and bands. Bishops are not presented, for on being appointed they do homage to the queen, and this takes the place of a presentation. On the other hand, they attend levees. Full dress uniform is worn by officers belonging to both services, by deputy lieutenants and, in a word, by all those who have a right to any special form of costume. The prime minister presents all members of the diplomatic body and members of the cabinet.

### A Wonderful Lace Scarf.

The French nation has recently presented to the empress of Russia a specimen of modern lace worthy of her, a real masterpiece of lacemaking. It consists of a cobweb scarf, two yards long and one yard wide, in a variety of colored and chintilly lace never attempted before and sufficiently light to be carried off by butterflies. In this instance polychrome effects have been successfully achieved by a few old lacemakers at Bayeux under the supervision of the painter Felix Aubert. This innovation was suggested to the artist while at Venice, where he had the opportunity to admire the skill of a few embroideresses copying with wonderful accuracy some designs from Correggio.

The first samples of this new departure were submitted to M. Huet, who takes great interest in the lace industry. The minister of foreign affairs himself was so delighted with the beauty of the work and of its thread painting that he at once ordered a scarf to be made in this unique style, intended as a suitable gift to Alexandra of Russia.

The floral pattern of the scarf displays no less than 20 different shades. Its border of conventional narcissi encloses a frame of two interlaced rose tree stems, bearing respectively La France roses and yellow roses. By a delicate forethought the center is left as open and aerial as possible, so as to veil the beauty of the bare shoulders which it is meant to shelter. On this light ground of rare point d'Alencon are sparingly scattered small lilies, white at each angle glitter the imperial crown and monogram of the empress, A. F. (Alexandra Feodorovna), woven in gold.

The empress will thus have the opportunity of comparing the latest notion in multicolor lace manufactured by the fairy workers of France with the polychrome style of more ancient origin produced by lace workers of her empire.

### The Czar at Home.

A pretty picture of the home life of the czar is the following: Alexander III was said to be an autocrat even in the bosom of his family. Nicholas II, however, is the very reverse. He regards his consort as a good comrade, and when, in urgent cases, ministers seek an audience late in the evening he is invariably to be found in her company, chatting and laughing without restraint. The czar is generally occupied at his desk, while the zarina busies herself with embroidery work. Immediately a minister enters she rises as if to retire, but more often than otherwise the czar informs her that she is not one too many.



THE FAREWELL DIP OF THE SEASON.

dances, mint juleps and admiration. She does not drink so many juleps, but each morning she takes one because she has been in the habit of doing so ever since she was a baby, and she manages to imbibe it as a bird might, her pretty face showing above the bunch of green like the flower that she is. She is adored by young and old, and the secret of her popularity lies in this—she will give up a dance with the man whom she loves dearly to hobble through one with old Tom Ashton, who will persist in dancing, although he has a wooden leg, but then he fought alongside of papa and once saved him from being killed during the war.

Of course there are women here who dress superbly, much more magnificent than at many of the northern watering places, but they are the wives either

of chicken, and, though up to date you may have thought a chicken good in its way and undoubtedly beautiful, it is simply surprising to see these southern women eat it meal after meal and prefer it to the juiciest steak, the most underdone bit of mutton or the finest fish that ever was caught.

The belle of the year is talking softly of a beautiful woman who is the belle before her mother was married—a wonderful beauty, a great wit—the daughter of Judge Ould of Richmond, known to all the country round as Mattie Ould. She did everything, and she did everything well. Men fell before her as tin soldiers before an active broom, and yet she never lost her sweetness of temper.

At that time a Miss Triplett, also from Virginia, was a sort of rival to this beautiful girl, and my pretty belle

them, since their homes, children and husbands usually make a world that satisfies them.

It is because while they are intelligent, well read women, usually women up in the classics, they will not touch the foul sex novel of today.

It is love, love, love, that makes the southern girl go around. Every girl expects to get a husband and to love him with all her heart, and she is seldom disappointed. The average man is usually very happy when he gets the "belle of the Springs" or one of her admiring women friends for a wife, and he ought to be, oughtn't he?

The women in Hawaii are blessed, for they have no housekeeping duties worth speaking of. If the family has money

world discovered the Sandwich Islands, set like gems in the jewel casket of the blue Pacific. Their condition has changed much since then, but so far as the women are concerned, has been one for the better. Within the space of about 100 years the islanders have advanced in civilization in a way no other savage people have done.

In the city of Honolulu, with its churches, its fine business blocks and its colleges, the palm trees and the cocoanuts waved 100 years ago. Instead of the rather meager garments in which the social leaders of Captain Cook's Hawaii were clad they are now arrayed in the latest creations from Paris.

The women in Hawaii are blessed, for they have no housekeeping duties worth speaking of. If the family has money

with the prefix "de." A widow burles her husband's name with him and immediately is known again by her girlhood name. A woman's property is never settled on her husband, a custom which affords little incentive to wife poisoning and like pastimes for material gain. At a wife's death her children are considered to be her nearest heirs.

Miss Elizabeth Plankington presented to the city of Milwaukee the first of its public monuments, surmounted by the bronze statue of Washington. The beautiful bronze figure of Lief, the Norseman, which, with the more costly statue of Solomon Juncos, adorns Juncos

park, was the work of a woman's genius and the tribute of a woman to Milwaukee. And now Mrs. Lydia Ely, the daughter of one of the city's early pioneers, has presented to it a soldiers' monument. During the war Mrs. Ely maintained a hospital for wounded soldiers and afterward established the Milwaukee branch of the National Soldiers' home.

Princess Henry of Battenberg is the third woman of the British royal family now authorized to wear the medalion of the St. John Ambulance association. The medalion has already been granted to Princess Christa and the Duchess of Albany. A candidate for the medal-

lion must pass an examination on first aid, another on nursing, and eventually a third, which covers both subjects.

Mme. Laloue Berner is at the head of one of the largest wholesale feather houses in Paris. It is said that she shows any amount of tact in her business dealings and prefers foreigners as customers. In the last 12 years she has increased the annual returns of her concern from 500,000 francs to 2,000,000.

Miss Flora Van Cuylenburg, a native of Ceylon and at present a student at the London Medical school, has received a studentship of \$35 a year for three years and one term that she may be trained as a medical missionary.

## WOMEN THE WORLD OVER.

Miss Lolla Stephenson of Cincinnati is the youngest orchestra leader in this country, and probably in the world. She is now only 18, having been born at Wabash, Ind., in 1880. She began to study the violin at the age of 7, and when 11 years old played first violin and directed the local orchestra, which furnished music for all entertainments at the Wabash Opera House. She retained this from her youth to the end of which she went to Cincinnati to study under Henry C. Froelich, concert master of the Cincinnati orchestra. In three

years under him she has finished the five year course and now wishes to go abroad.

The czarina evidently forgot, when she forbade the practice of smoking among the ladies at the imperial court, that reform, like charity, should begin at home. Princess Henry of Prussia, her sister, is devoted to the cigarette. The Dowager Empress Alexandra smokes habitually, as do the Duchess of Cumberland, the empress of Austria, the queen regent of Spain and the queen of Portugal. Man cannot give up

his beloved tobacco without a tug, and why should woman? Surely he will not find it in his heart to blame the ladies of the court for petitioning for a withdrawal of the distasteful order.

The Duchess of Sutherland has consented to act as president of the British Society of Women Journalists.

The queen of Greece lately sent an American woman an autograph letter expressing her thanks for a generous contribution sent a few months ago to the American-Greek mission at Athens by Mrs. De Grace of New York city. Her contribution was for the benefit of the sick and wounded Greek soldiers and their families. It is said that in many

of the Philippines have a pretty independent time of it, after all. Their marriage customs are quaint. Married women retain their maiden name, adding to it the husband's name

and the prefix "de." A widow burles her husband's name with him and immediately is known again by her girlhood name. A woman's property is never settled on her husband, a custom which affords little incentive to wife poisoning and like pastimes for material gain. At a wife's death her children are considered to be her nearest heirs.

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## World Renowned Shoes

### THE SOROSIS SHOES!

As sanctioned by the ladies of the Sorosis club of New York.

\$3.50 per pair.

### THE JENNESS MILLER SHOES!

As approved by Jenness Miller the criterion of hygienic principles as applied to women's dress.

\$3.50 and \$5.00 per pair.

### THE ELITE SHOES!

Acknowledged by the business men of the country to be the best medium grade shoe made.

\$3.50 per pair.

These Shoes Sold Only By

## Pratt Brothers

Who have been appointed exclusive agents for North Adams and vicinity.

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The best place in Western Massachusetts to have your pictures framed. Quality, Variety and Price to please.

## THE BURLINGAME & DARBY'S COMPANY

Established 1839.

Incorporated 1898.

Fifty-nine years of business in one place is not the good fortune of every concern. Our business has grown to very large proportions the last ten years. It has kept pace with the rapid but steady growth of our city. Our patronage has come not only from the "Western Gateway," but from towns and cities within a radius of thirty miles and more. We found it necessary to make some changes in our firm, consequently we became incorporated. We are going to make a number of changes in the interior arrangement of our store whereby we can give the best and quickest service to our customers of any store in the city.

We thank most sincerely the thousands who have been our patrons, and we ask you to continue trading with us, assuring you that the "Square Dealing" that has been our business watchword will continue.

## THE BURLINGAME & DARBY'S COMPANY

## Peter Schuyler "Perfectos"

\$70.00 PER 1000 10¢ STRAIGHT.

G. A. VAN SLYKE & HORTON, MANUFACTURERS ALBANY, N. Y.

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ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF 20 WORDS OR LESS FOR 50 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 20 CENTS.

#### TO RENT

The building now occupied as a public library is for rent. Apply to W. H. Sperry, 70 and 81 Holden street.

Temperance 6 rooms on Eagle street, \$15.00. Seven room cottage on Main street \$15.00. Eight room cottage on Main street, hot and cold water and furnace, \$20.00. Inquire at Board's drug store, 39 Dagla street.

Ready September 5, new tenements on Washington avenue. All modern improvements. Inquire at office of P. J. Arbo.

Furnished rooms with board if desired. 7 Ashland street. 182 ft.

Furnished room to rent at 3 Ashland street. 182 ft.

New cottage, 47 Bricewell avenue. Modern improvements. \$15 per month. Apply Barber Lather Co.

House over St. Jean Baptiste hall, suitable for office. Inquire August 1. Inquire Barker-shire Hill Sanatorium.

Temperance 6 room, 8 rooms, 21 High st. \$15 a month. A. D. Howes.

Furnished room. Apply 21 Ashland st. 182 ft.

Dwelling, heated by hot water, modern conveniences, 11 Bryant street. Rent \$15 per month. Inquire August 1. Inquire Barker-shire Hill Sanatorium.

Temperance 6 room, 8 rooms, 21 High st. \$15 a month. A. D. Howes.

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## BIG FIELD DAY

Thousands of Visitors In Pittsfield For F. M. T. A. Outing.

### LARGE ATTENDANCE FROM HERE

Local Society Takes Second Prize For Size of Company. Company M

Boys Cheered. One Local

Prize Winner In Field

Events.

There was everything that goes to make a big success at the Father Matthew field day at Pittsfield Monday, a great crowd, pleasant weather, and perfect arrangements. The crowd was estimated at all the way from 15,000 to 25,000. The decorations in Pittsfield were very elaborate, and every preparation had been made for the cordial reception to the thousands of visitors. The weather was hot, but not so unbearable as on some of the previous days.

Over 2,000 went down from this city. The special train left with 14 cars, each one packed to the center, every inch of standing room being used. There were also hundreds who went down on the regular trains. The society of this city took the second prize for attendance, having the next to largest number in the parade.

The parade was started at 11 o'clock. Several members of Company M were in carriages, and were cheered as they appeared, as were also three men from the regular army who have not yet returned to their command. Major Whipple of Adams was in the parade, but his famous mule was lame, and he rode a handsome bay horse. He was recognized by many in the crowd and was given a reception. The snap-shot band was in evidence, and Major Whipple and the honorary marshal, Rev. John J. McCoy of Chicopee, who rode side by side, were the special objects of attack from the camera.

Sheriff Fuller and deputies led the parade. Captain Leonard was chief marshal and Major Whipple and Rev. J. J. McCoy were honorary marshals. John H. Mahoney of Blackinton was marshal of the first division, which included the Berkshire companies. The Pittsfield society had 75 men in line. Dalton had 40, this city 150, Adams 40, Chicopee 20.

Lieut. Gov. Crane and Congressman George P. Lawrence reviewed the parade at the reviewing stand near the Merrill block. Among the others present on the stand were: Ex-Sheriff Crosby, ex-Sheriff Wellington, Gen. Morris Schaff, Chief Francis of the fire department, and County Commissioner Wood.

In the field events, the prizes were mostly taken by men from the eastern societies. Patrick J. Malloy was the local champion, taking four prizes for the society of this city. They were third in the 220 yards dash, third in the running hop, step and jump, fourth in the running broad jump, and fourth in the running high jump.

There were also ball games and daylight fire works. Clapp's band accompanied the local society, and received much praise for its playing. The largest part of the local crowd returned about 5 o'clock.

### Funeral of Frederick S. Rice.

The funeral of Frederick S. Rice was held at the home, corner of Pleasant and Cherry streets, at 10:30 o'clock Monday, and was largely attended, many friends of the deceased being present from out of town. The services were conducted by Rev. W. L. Tehany, pastor of the Congregational church, assisted by Rev. G. L. Ruberg of Florida. The singing was by a quartet composed of Miss Kate Arnold, Mrs. Mackerracher, Joseph J. Marrott and Joseph T. Hunter. The bearers were J. H. Plagg, W. F. Darby, E. A. McMillin, Dr. Wallace E. Brown, Fred A. Plagg, of Troy and D. A. Russell. The burial was in the family lot in Shelburne Falls.

### Met With Painful Accident.

Charles Levin of 5 Porter street met with a very painful accident Sunday. He was riding down East Main street on his bicycle. His feet were on the pedals and he went at a rapid pace. As he neared the bottom he became confused and ran into the iron railing that surrounds the soldier's monument. He was thrown from his wheel and when picked up was in bad shape. The blood ran in a stream from his right arm and nose. He sustained a deep gash in the fleshy part of his right arm about six inches long. Dr. Canedy put seven stitches in the wound.

### Dr. Dewey Ill With Fever.

Dr. D. R. Dewey, who has been an assistant surgeon with the troops at Chickamauga, has returned to his home, on account of the moving of the division hospital in which he was located. He is not sure whether he will be called out for service again or not. Since arriving, he has become ill with fever, and is now unable to be out. The fever was undoubtedly caused by his experiences in Chickamauga, but is hard to understand, as he was well while there.

### Major Whipple For Sheriff.

During the past day or so Major Whipple's name has frequently been mentioned in connection with the sheriff contest. His name was mentioned as Republican candidate as opposed to Sheriff Fuller. Major Whipple's record, it is thought by his friends, would work in his favor. Major Whipple has not been consulted on the subject, however, and it is thought he would not consent to run, as he is one of Sheriff Fuller's deputies.

### Forrester's Field Day.

There was a large attendance and a very enjoyable time at the Forrester's field day in Adams Monday. The arrangements were excellent, and everything went smoothly to make a most successful day. In the tug-of-war between the Adams team and the team from this city, the Adams men won. The baseball game between the married men and single men resulted in a victory for the former by the score of 14 to 9.

The Hand-Potter reunion at Pottosau Monday took several from this city.

## OFFICER KILLED BY TRAIN.

New Hampshire Man Was Looking For Criminals, Who Came to This City.

Clarence P. Baker of Meriden, N. H., a deputy sheriff, was found dead at Charlemon, on the Finchburg road tracks Monday morning. He body was discovered by the engineer of the train that reaches here at 7:45 in the morning. The body was lying near the tracks about three-quarters of a mile this side of the Charlemon station.

Baker went to Greenfield Sunday morning on the "Owl" train. He said he was an officer in pursuit of criminals, and went to Greenfield and came to this city Sunday on the 123 train. The officer went to Shelburne Falls on a freight train and was put off there, and drove to Charlemon. He registered at the Charlemon house, and left the hotel at 7 o'clock Sunday evening to take the train for this city, and that was the last seen of him until he was found.

Medical Examiner F. J. Canedy of Shelburne Falls took the body to Shelburne Falls, and found that Baker was killed by the cars. On his person no badge or officer's papers were found. His face and skull on the left side are badly fractured, and on the left side above the ear is another fracture and had cut. District Attorney Hammond was notified by Dr. Canedy of the affair, and being unable to find any state officer, sent word to Deputy Sheriff W. M. Smead to look into the matter. Why Mr. Baker should have gone down the track at Charlemon, instead of to the depot, is not known. Baker was in hot pursuit of his man, evidently, but there are several things in connection with his actions that cannot be explained.

It was at first believed that Baker had met with foul play, and had been placed on the tracks after being knocked senseless.

### THREE SERIOUS CASES.

In District Court Today. Few Results of Holidays.

There were very few drunks in district court this morning after two days of holiday, only six appearing, which some were continued cases. But there were three more serious affairs. Dennis Leary was charged with embezzlement, the amount involved being \$25. The complaint was made by John Barry, and it is alleged that Leary appropriated the amount, which he had been given to pay another man by Mr. Barry. Leary was not present, and his bail, furnished by James, was declared.

N. J. Naccenis was charged with breaking and entering the house of Joseph Jackson on River street extension Saturday night, and with disturbing the peace. The case was continued till Friday, and he was held under \$150 bonds. The case is a somewhat complicated one, Naccenis claiming that it is a matter of mistaken identity.

Julius Sanney was charged with assault on Mary Hampton, a young girl, on Saturday night, and with disturbing the peace. The alleged assault took place in the Union Saturday night, the girl crying for help and the man being frightened away. Simple assault was the only charge that could be brought. The case was continued till September 13, Sanney being held under \$100 bonds.

### GLASS BLOWERS IN TROUBLE.

Return to the City and Are Arrested. Charged With Larceny.

Andrew W. Scott and Melinda Scott, with their four old boy were arrested this morning by Captain Dineen, and will answer the charge of larceny. They were in the city about four weeks ago, and roomed with Mrs. Brooks on Center street. When they left without paying any rent, a feather box was discovered missing. They were seen in the city today, and promptly arrested, to see what their connection with the box was.

He is a glass blower, and said he came back to give exhibitions in this city.

### CITY HAS BORROWED THE FIVE

Thousand Dollars For Normal School. Council Meeting.

A regular meeting of the city council will be held this evening. Little of importance is scheduled. The Normal school matter, which was expected to come up for revision, will not do so, as the city treasurer has borrowed the \$5,000 voted at the last meeting.

The mayor will recommend an appropriation for street repairs. Some old business holds over, but no other important new business is expected.

### Fire Department Changes.

Chief Byars has appointed David Johnrow as foreman of hose 1 to take the place of Mr. Nichols, who has been promoted. O. Lasher takes the place of assistant foreman vacated by Mr. Johnrow.

The new swinging harnesses for the hose 1 arrived this morning. Charles Bass and John Babin left today for the state convention at Southbridge.

### Reed Murder Talk.

The inquest on the Reed murders will be continued tomorrow morning if the officers are able to secure the witnesses wanted. The rumors on the great mystery have continued to increase, but nothing more definite is known than was the case when this second part of the inquest began, the officers refusing to speak.

### Serious Adams Runaway.

Fred O. Shumann, a butcher of Renfrew, was seriously injured on Columbia street this morning in trying to stop a runaway. The horse belonged to a tea peddler from this city, and when Mr. Shumann caught it by the bridle it reared and struck him to the ground. The frightened animal then kicked him in the side, breaking a rib.

### LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Ward of 21 Spring street Monday morning.

Major Whipple has left for Montauk and will visit the Adirondacks before his return.

Delegates from here were present at the P. S. C. E. convention in Great Barrington Monday.

Private Augustus Wood was taken ill Sunday at his home. Frank Quinn of the regulars is expected today.

## CORPORAL STURM DEAD

Succumbs to Typhoid Fever and Pneumonia at Hospital.

### RESULTS OF OVER EXERTION

Was One of First to Return From Cuba. Twelfth Company M Death.

Return of Several More Soldiers.

Corporal John E. Sturm of Adams died at the hospital in this city this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. He had been in the hospital only a little over a week, suffering from typhoid fever and pneumonia. His is the 12th death in Company M.

Corporal Sturm was born in Cheshire, and has a wife and child living in Adams. He was married about a year ago. He had worked in the Eclipse mill in this city. He had been a member of Company M for several years.

He was among the first to return and was not considered seriously ill. But, partly from over exertion, he suffered a relapse, and for the past week his condition had been critical. His family was with him this morning.

#### News of the Soldiers.

Sergeant Victor King of Adams and Private Aspen of this city, have left Montauk Point for Boston and will soon be home. They are recovering rapidly from their sickness.

Mrs. King returned to her home in Adams this afternoon from Boston, where she met her son on his arrival from Montauk. He is very weak, but doing well. A press dispatch from Boston states that he is dangerously weak, but this is believed to be exaggerated.

Hugh P. Brown returned today to this city from Fort McPherson, where he has been recovering from illness.

Private John Thompson, who has been sick at Governor's Island, New York, is also reported as being in good condition and will soon come home.

The Roumanian arrived off Montauk Point Sunday having on board James Kershaw of Adams and Private William Dupree of Company M. Sergeant O'Brien, who everyone is anxious to see return, was unable to leave and is still at Santiago.

James T. Baker of Boston was in Adams Saturday evening. He had been to see Sergeant Jim R. Smith and Private Fred Mercer. Both were getting on well. At first Mercer was planning to come home with Mr. Baker, but it was decided to have him wait for his comrade.

Dr. H. B. Holmes of Adams has gone to Montauk Point to care for Private William Dupree.

Several soldiers returned to the city Monday, including D. M. Wells, Jr., of the Second New York, who with one or two others had a 24 hours' furlough.

Edward A. McPeck and Angelo Biscuit returned to the city Monday. They are members of the First Vermont volunteers.

### Ashland Street Mystery.

The police are investigating a somewhat startling mystery on Ashland street. Monday it was reported that a woman's hat, parasol and handkerchief, covered with blood, had been found near the stone crusher. On investigation there was found to be a large quantity of blood, so much that foul play was suspected.

## CHESHIRE.

Miss Ella Flaherty has gone to Salem, to enter the Normal school in that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Nickerson and Mr. Haskins of North Adams were the guests of Mrs. Almada Nickerson yesterday.

Miss Maude Bryant left yesterday for Morristown, N. J., where she will take charge of a kindergarten.

Miss Mabel Blood and Henry Blood gave a very rare party at their home last evening in honor of Miss Stella Richardson of Troy. About twenty guests were present, including Miss George Foster of Thomaston, Conn., Miss Grace Blood of Boston, Miss Richardson of Troy, A. L. Brown of New York, and Prof. Williams of Potsdam Institute of Technology. During the evening Mrs. P. B. Dean sang several solos, and Misses Foster, Lane and Blood rendered selections upon the piano.

Mr. Charles Beach of New York is stopping at "The Cedars."

E. B. Richardson was home over Sunday.

Rev. George Buckle of Elizabeth, N. J., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Flisk, returned to his home today.

A. L. Brown, who has been stopping at "The Cedars" for the past few weeks has returned to New York.

Frank Williams left today for Potsdam, N. Y., where he will act as Professor of Chemistry at the Institute of Technology in that place.

Miss Stella Richardson has returned to her home.

The ball game played Saturday between the Cheshires and St. Johns of North Adams resulted in a victory, for the end of the seventh inning, for the home team with a score of 13 to 5. The game played yesterday between the Cheshires and Bowline was the most exciting game played this season. The Cheshires won with a score of 7 to 5.

An Epworth League business meeting was held at the Methodist Episcopal church last evening, and it was decided to give a concert at the church Sunday evening, September 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirk Saunders of Springfield are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Saunders.

Mrs. John Buck of North Adams has been visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Carrie Allen of Spencer, Mass., has returned to take up her school duties.

A concert will be given at the M. E. church Friday evening, September 9th by the male quartet of the Adams Methodist church. Admission 15c. after the concert ice cream will be served.

The schools opened today with the same corps of teachers as last year.

The ladies' Aid society of the Baptist church will give a social this evening at the home of Elisha Prince. The teams will be at the home of E. G. Brown at 5:30 to carry the people there.

#### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

## M. STEINERT & SONS CO.,

Great

## PIANO SALE.

Having decided to discontinue our warerooms at 37 Eagle Street, we shall offer for the next 30 Days our entire stock of High-Grade Pianos at tremendous discounts, rather than remove them from the city. If you wish a first-class Piano, this is the opportunity to obtain one at the lowest figures possible.

	Regular Price.	Removal Price.
One Fancy Walnut Hardman Upright,	\$475	\$390
One Emerson Upright,	450	365
One Emerson Upright,	425	340
One Fancy Mahogany Hardman Upright,	475	390
One Elegant Pease Upright,	350	260
One Fine Summer Upright,	300	175
One Second-Hand Steinway & Sons Square,		150

## M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

37 Eagle Street.

Operators of fifteen stores in New England.

## IS YOUR RAZOR DULL?

We are selling a good double razor strop with Razorine that will sharpen the dullest Razor for

Only 25 Cents

J. M. Darby's Hardware Store,

49 EAGLE STREET.

## Baker-Rose Sanitarium

Of Massachusetts.

Park Avenue, North Adams, Mass.

The Baker-Rose treatment for LIQUOR habit has proved its superiority over others, as shown by the number of relapses from other treatments, which we HAVE CURED and in Massachusetts alone we have treated and cured over one thousand during the past four years. Our specialty is the scientific treatment and CURE of LIQUOR, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Chloral habits. Correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

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## Pitchers

Pitchers Every housewife knows that she cannot own too many. They are always in demand.

Pitchers We have a stock which embraces all sizes, colors, shapes and prices.

Pitchers We have them from 10c up.

Pitchers We have enough to supply the city. Get one while they are going.

## Maxwell & McCurdy,

[SUCCESSORS TO C. H. MATHER]

2 MARTIN BLOCK.